

County of San Diego San Diego, California

> Audit Report June 30, 2024



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education San Ysidro School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Ysidro School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying additional supplementary information, identified in the table of contents, as required by the 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the additional supplementary information as identified in the table of contents, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the audit report. The other information comprises the Other Information section of the audit report as identified on the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

El Cajon, California

February 25, 2025

SAN YSIDRO SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of San Ysidro School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. To provide a complete understanding of the District's financial performance, please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, the District's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information is required to be presented in the MD & A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The increase in Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) sources from 2022-23 to 2023-24 was \$2.3 million (4.23%).
- The general fund expenditures increased by \$4.8 million (5.85%) over the previous year amount.
- > General Fund expenses and other uses exceeded revenues and other sources by \$4.3 million.
- > The General Fund ended the fiscal year with 3% reserves in unrestricted fund balance.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of the following parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information, and findings and recommendations. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the San Ysidro School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the district's more significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the supplementary information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. A comparison of the District's general fund budget is included.

Reporting the district as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

These two statements provide information about the District as a whole using methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting takes in account all the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements report information on the district as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2023-2024?"

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the district as a whole, the financial position of the district has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Over time, the increases or decreases in the District's net position, as reported in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses indicates the District's operating results. However, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities. One must consider many non-financial factors, such as the quality of education provided to assess the overall health of the District.

- Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indications of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes to the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

Reporting the district's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the District establishes other funds to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds

Most of the district's activities are reported in governmental funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, the Building Fund, the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay, and the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units. All other governmental funds are aggregated into one nonmajor governmental funds column. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENTS

The district as a Whole

The District's net position was \$(86) million at June 30, 2024. Of this amount, unrestricted net position was \$(111.7) million, net investment in capital assets was (\$82.7) million, and restricted net position was \$108.4 million. A Comparative analysis of government-wide statement of net position is presented in Table 1.

The District's net position increased \$3.3 million this fiscal year (See Table 2). The District's expenses for instruction, instruction related, and pupil services represented 71% of total expenses. The administrative activities of the District accounted for just 9% of total costs. The remaining 20% was spent on plant services and other expenses like interest payments on debt. (See Figure 2).

(Table 1)
Comparative Statement of Net Position

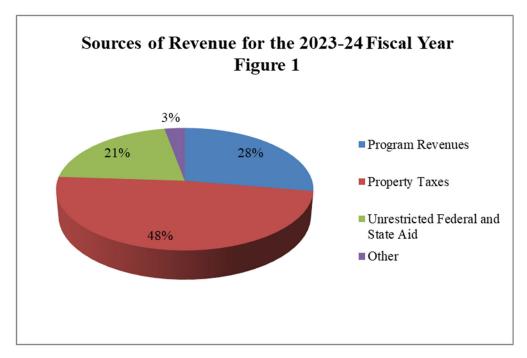
	Governmental Activities					
	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	Change	% Change		
Assets						
Cash and Investments	\$ 112,990,675	\$ 76,771,091	\$ 36,219,584	47.18%		
Accounts receivable	4,145,456	9,221,593	(5,076,137)	-55.05%		
Inventory	30,562	38,258	(7,696)	-20.12%		
Capital assets, net	131,262,753	132,097,744	(834,991)	-0.63%		
Lease assets, net	273,638	45,275	228,363	504.39%		
Subscription assets, net	266,959	555,024	(288,065)	-51.90%		
Total Assets	248,970,043	218,728,985	30,241,058	13.83%		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	41,146,946	32,386,468	8,760,478	27.05%		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	41,146,946	32,386,468	8,760,478	27.05%		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,175,680	6,693,364	(1,517,684)	-22.67%		
Unearned revenue	1,926,482	3,023,856	(1,097,374)	-36.29%		
Long-term liabilities	358,242,344	319,540,128	38,702,216	12.11%		
Total Liabilities	365,344,506	329,257,348	36,087,158	10.96%		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	10,577,358	11,009,641	(432,283)	-3.93%		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,577,358	11,009,641	(432,283)	-3.93%		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	(82,741,500)	(94,303,702)	11,562,202	-12.26%		
Restricted	108,440,617	74,039,358	34,401,259	46.46%		
Unrestricted	(111,503,992)	(68,887,192)	(42,616,800)	61.86%		
Total Net Position	\$ (85,804,875)	\$ (89,151,536)	\$ 3,346,661	-3.75%		

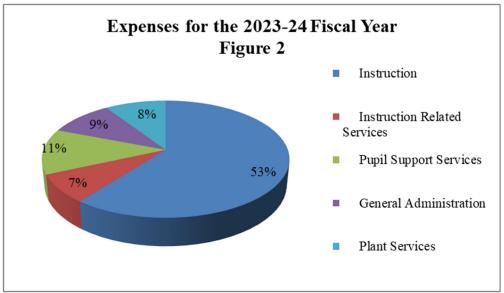
(Table 2)
Comparative Statement of Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	Year Ended 6/30/2024		Year Ended 6/30/2023			
					Change	% Change
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 1,69	8,443 \$	3,749,398	\$	(2,050,955)	-54.70%
Operating grants and contributions	28,30	3,403	48,168,076		(19,864,673)	-41.24%
Capital grants and contributions		3,912	110,796		(106,884)	-96.47%
General revenues						
Taxes levied for general purposes	35,67	0,344	31,805,952		3,864,392	12.15%
Taxes levied for debt service	12,66	3,111	9,474,381		3,188,730	33.66%
Taxes levied for other specific purposes	4,08	2,449	4,030,619		51,830	1.29%
Federal and state aid not restricted	22,81	5,348	24,566,454		(1,751,106)	-7.13%
Interest and investment earnings	3,63	4,539	274,001		3,360,538	1226.47%
Miscellaneous	(49	6,531)	519,275		(1,015,806)	-195.62%
Total Revenues	108,37	5,018	122,698,952		(14,323,934)	-11.67%
Expenses						
Instruction	56,09	8,565	59,111,925		(3,013,360)	-5.10%
Instruction Related Services		3,160	7,193,940		79,220	1.10%
Pupil Support Services	11,63	-	9,691,444		1,940,142	20.02%
General Administration	9,11	7,188	7,364,926		1,752,262	23.79%
Plant Services	8,61	4,567	7,509,841		1,104,726	14.71%
Other Expenses	12,29	3,291	12,123,947		169,344	1.40%
Total Expenses	105,02	8,357	102,996,023		2,032,334	1.97%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	3.34	6,661	19,702,929		(16,356,268)	-83.01%
Net Position - Beginning Balance	(89,15		(108,854,465))	19,702,929	-18.10%
Net Position - Ending Balance	\$ (85,80				3,346,661	-3.75%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all of the District's governmental activities this year was \$105 million. The amount that our local taxpayers financed for these activities through property taxes was \$52.4 million. Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes totaled \$22.8 million. Operating grants, capital grants, and contributions revenue was \$28.3 million. Operating grants, capital grants and unrestricted federal and state aid and covered 49% of the expenses of the entire District (See Figure 1).





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The District's individual fund statements provide information on inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$111.5 million, an increase of \$34 million from the previous fiscal year's combined ending balance of 77.5 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget regularly. The significant budget adjustments fell into the following categories:

- Budget revisions to the adopted budget required after approval of the State budget.
- Budget revisions to update revenues to actual enrollment information and to update expenditures for staffing adjustments related to actual enrollments.
- Other budget revisions are routine in nature, including adjustments to categorical revenues and expenditures based on final awards, and adjustments between expenditure categories for school and department budgets.

The final revised budget for the General Fund reflected a net decrease to the ending balance of \$20.5 million.

The District ended the year with a decrease of \$4.3 million to the general fund ending balance. The State recommends available reserves of 3% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District has a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, administrative buildings, site improvements, vehicles, and equipment. Table 3 demonstrates a comparative Schedule of Capital Assets.

(Table 3)
Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets
June 30, 2024 and 2023

	 2024	2023		Change	% Change
Land	\$ 45,896,267	\$	45,896,267	\$ -	0.0%
Work in Progress	5,618,857		6,168,561	(549,704)	-8.9%
Land Improvements	23,122,129		19,923,026	3,199,103	16.1%
Buildings & Improvements	135,696,338		134,727,997	968,341	0.7%
Equipment	4,308,733		4,308,733	-	0.0%
Less Accumulated Depreciation for					
Land Improvements	(18,037,430)		(17,567,409)	(470,021)	2.7%
Buildings & Improvements	(62,074,210)		(58,245,105)	(3,829,105)	6.6%
Equipment	(3,267,931)		(3,114,326)	(153,605)	4.9%
Lease Assets	433,557		131,769	301,788	229.0%
Less Accumulated Amortization	(159,919)		(86,494)	(73,425)	84.9%
Subscription Assets	845,500		845,500	-	100.0%
Less Accumulated Amortization	 (578,541)		(290,476)	(288,065)	100.0%
Total	\$ 131,803,350	\$	132,698,043	\$ (894,693)	-0.7%

Long-Term Debt

The following represents a comparative schedule of the District's long-term debt outstanding.

(Table 4)
Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Debt
June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023	Change	% Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 243,207,740	\$ 211,555,147	\$ 31,652,593	14.96%
Certificates of Participation	34,857,548	36,822,463	(1,964,915)	-5.34%
Leases Payable	279,265	45,534	233,731	513.31%
Subscriptions Payable	296,506	584,659	(288,153)	100.00%
Principal Apportionment	811,167	1,081,557	(270,390)	100.00%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 279,452,226	\$ 250,089,360	\$ 29,362,866	11.74%

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The state's minimum guarantee for schools is increased by \$3 billion for 2024-25; however, this increase will likely be placed into Proposition 98 reserves based on requirements in the California Constitution. The Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) 2025-26 Budget Fiscal Outlook (Fiscal Outlook) for the state of California indicates that while better than expected state revenues are offset by higher spending, the state's budget is anticipated to be balanced for the upcoming fiscal year.

The California 2024-25 budget enacted a 1.07% cost of living adjustment (COLA) with anticipated COLAs set at 2.46% for 2025-26 and COLAs in excess of 3% for the 2026-27 through 2028-29 fiscal years.

Despite positive outlooks for school funding, costs of salaries, pensions, and other employee benefits continue to rise. The District is monitoring the budget closely to ensure all financial obligations are met and the District remains fiscally strong.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Business Office, at San Ysidro School District, 4350 Otay Mesa Road, San Ysidro, California 92173.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 112,990,675
Accounts Receivable	4,145,456
Inventory	30,562
Capital Assets:	
Land	45,896,267
Land Improvements	23,122,129
Buildings & Improvements	135,696,338
Equipment	4,308,733
Work in Progress	5,618,857
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(83,379,571)
Lease Assets:	
Equipment	433,557
Less Accumulated Amortization	(159,919)
Subscription Assets:	
Software Subscriptions	845,500
Less Accumulated Amortization	(578,541)
Total Assets	248,970,043
Deferred Outflows of Resources	41,146,946
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	5,175,680
Unearned Revenue	1,926,482
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	14,548,690
Due In More Than One Year	343,693,654
Total Liabilities	365,344,506
Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,577,358
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(82,741,500)
Restricted For:	(-).))
Capital Projects	68,542,965
Debt Service	15,384,379
Educational Programs	16,975,333
Other Purposes (Expendable)	7,418,945
Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)	118,995
Unrestricted	(111,503,992)
Total Net Position	\$ (85,804,875)
200021002	\$ (00,00 1,070)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

								Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
				Prog	gram Revenue	s		Position
					Operating	Cap	ital Grants	
		C	harges for	rges for Grants and		and		Governmental
Functions	Expenses		Services Contributions Contribution		ntributions	Activities		
Governmental Activities								
Instruction	\$ 56,098,565	\$	340,126		\$ 16,514,924		3,912	\$ (39,239,603)
Instruction-Related Services:								
Instructional Supervision and Administration	1,606,258		-		750,606		-	(855,652)
Instructional Library, Media and Technology	1,330,860		-		608		-	(1,330,252)
School Site Administration	4,336,042		_		433,335		-	(3,902,707)
Pupil Services:								
Home-to-School Transportation	1,456,932		-		1,632		-	(1,455,300)
Food Services	3,861,705		486		4,934,495		-	1,073,276
All Other Pupil Services	6,312,949		81		813,092		-	(5,499,776)
General Administration:								,
Centralized Data Processing	1,280,644		-		1,002		_	(1,279,642)
All Other General Administration	7,836,544		3,302		807,162		_	(7,026,080)
Plant Services	8,614,567		539		258,523		_	(8,355,505)
Ancillary Services	232,447		109,391		194,032		_	70,976
Interest on Long-Term Debt	9,969,069				-		_	(9,969,069)
Debt Issuance Costs	1,483,403		_		_		_	(1,483,403)
Transfers to County Office of Education	608,372		1,244,518		3,593,992		_	4,230,138
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 105,028,357	\$	1,698,443	\$	28,303,403	\$	3,912	(75,022,599)
	Genera Taxes a		ve nue s abventions:					
	Prop	erty T	Taxes, Levied	for	General Purpo	ses		\$ 35,670,344
	Prop	erty T	axes, Levied	for	Debt Service			12,663,111
	Prop	erty T	axes, Levied	for	Other Specific	Purpo	ses	4,082,449
Federal and State Aid Not Restricted for Specific Purposes					22,815,348			
	Interest and Investment Earnings					3,634,539		
	Miscella	ellaneous					(496,531)	
	To	Total General Revenues					78,369,260	
	Change	in Ne	et Position					3,346,661
	Net Pos	ition -	Beginning of	f Ye	ar			(89,151,536)
	Net Pos	ition -	· Ending					\$ (85,804,875)

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

				Blended Component Units (CFD & PFA)			
			Bond Interest	Capital	Debt	Nonmajor	
	General	Building	& Redemption	Projects	Service	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Assets							
Cash and Investments	\$ 26,819,620	\$ 44,794,589	\$ 15,384,379	\$ 6,004,305	\$ -	\$ 19,987,782	\$ 112,990,675
Accounts Receivable	2,664,878	-	-	-	-	1,480,578	4,145,456
Due from Other Funds	255,966	1,538,132	-	-	-	-	1,794,098
Stores Inventories						30,562	30,562
Total Assets	\$ 29,740,464	\$ 46,332,721	\$ 15,384,379	\$ 6,004,305	\$ -	\$ 21,498,922	\$ 118,960,791
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	3,212,808	212,136	_	_	-	139,153	3,564,097
Due to Other Funds	1,538,132	460	_	_	-	255,506	1,794,098
Unearned Revenue	523,100	-	-	_	-	1,403,382	1,926,482
Total Liabilities	5,274,040	212,596	-			1,798,041	7,284,677
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable	88,433	-	-	-	-	30,562	118,995
Restricted	21,158,059	46,120,125	15,384,379	6,004,305	-	19,670,319	108,337,187
Assigned	337,031	-	-	-	-	-	337,031
Unassigned	2,882,901						2,882,901
Total Fund Balance	24,466,424	46,120,125	15,384,379	6,004,305		19,700,881	111,676,114
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 29,740,464	\$ 46,332,721	\$ 15,384,379	\$ 6,004,305	\$ -	\$ 21,498,922	\$ 118,960,791

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total fund balances, governmental funds:

\$ 111,676,114

Amounts reported for assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets, lease assets, and subscription assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets, lease assets, subscription assets, accumulated depreciation, and accumulated amortization.

Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost		214,642,324	
Accumulated depreciation	_	(83,379,571)	
	Net		131,262,753
Lease assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost		433,557	
Accumulated amortization		(159,919)	
	Net		273,638
Subscription assets relating to governmental activities, at historical	cost	845,500	
Accumulated amortization		(578,541)	
	Net		266,959

Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs for prepaid debt insurance are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized debt insurance costs included in deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position are:

2,089,421

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(1,611,583)

Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding: In the government wide financial statements deferred gain or loss on debt refunding is recognized as a deferred outflow of resources (for a loss) or a deferred inflow of resources (for a gain) and subsequently amortized over the life of the debt. Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position was:

13,352,480

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position, Continued June 30, 2024

Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

General obligation bonds payable	243,207,740	
Certificates of participation payable	34,857,548	
Leases payable	279,265	
Subscription liability	296,506	
Principal apportionment repayment plan	811,167	
Net pension liability	62,061,554	
Total OPEB liability	16,017,716	
Compensated absences	710,848	
	Total	(358,242,344)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions	23,980,242	,
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions	(5,915,102	<u>.)</u>
	Net	18,065,140

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB	1,724,803	
Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB	(4,662,256)	
	Net	(2,937,453)

Total net position, governmental activities: \$ (85,804,875)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Blended Con (CFD &	*		
	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues	1 und	T tille	1 und	1 und	1 und	Tunus	1001
State Apportionment	\$ 20,849,889	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,849,889
Education Protection Account Funds	806,364	· _	-	· -	-	-	806,364
Property Taxes	35,670,344	_	12,663,111	4,082,449	_	_	52,415,904
Federal Revenue	5,290,742	_	-	-	_	3,676,358	8,967,100
Other State Revenue	17,050,968	-	_	_	_	3,504,557	20,555,525
Interest Income	928.671	1,318,934	267,054	61,740	_	605,345	3,181,744
FMV Adjustment	299,412	(155,337)	81,487	64,505	_	162,728	452,795
Other Local Revenue	2,283,269	-	-	-	_	1,714,906	3,998,175
Total Revenues	\$ 83,179,659	\$ 1,163,597	\$ 13,011,652	\$ 4,208,694	\$ -	\$ 9,663,894	\$ 111,227,496
Expenditures							
Current Expenditures:							
Instruction	56,094,376	-	_	_	_	1,254,158	57,348,534
Instruction - Related Services	6,331,019	-	_	_	_	281,919	6,612,938
Pupil Services	7,178,917	-	_	_	_	3,969,370	11,148,287
Ancillary Services	107,686	_	_	_	_	118,084	225,770
General Administration	7,588,165	79,884	-	_	_	195,192	7,863,241
Plant Services	8,103,196	159,609	-	_	_	115,726	8,378,531
Other Outgo	113,190	411,455	_	_	_	-	524,645
Capital Outlay	2,101,906	1,812,144	-	_	_	5,478	3,919,528
Debt Service:		, ,				,	, ,
Principal	190,299	18,192,943	6,028,132	_	2,271,301	-	26,682,675
Interest	36,301	-	3,437,638	_	1,007,892	-	4,481,831
Total Expenditures	87,845,055	20,656,035	9,465,770		3,279,193	5,939,927	127,185,980
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,665,396)	(19,492,438)	3,545,882	4,208,694	(3,279,193)	3,723,967	(15,958,484)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	54,637	-	-	-	3,279,193	-	3,333,830
Transfers Out	-	-	-	(3,279,193)	-	(54,637)	(3,333,830)
Proceeds from Leases	301,788	-	-	-	-	-	301,788
Other Financing Sources/Uses	_	(453,691)	1,177,894	-	-	-	724,203
Proceeds from Bonds	-	49,135,000	-	-	-	-	49,135,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	356,425	48,681,309	1,177,894	(3,279,193)	3,279,193	(54,637)	50,160,991
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,308,971)	29,188,871	4,723,776	929,501	_	3,669,330	34,202,507
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	28,775,395	16,931,254	10,660,603	5,074,804	_	16,031,551	77,473,607
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 24,466,424	\$ 46,120,125	\$ 15,384,379	\$ 6,004,305	\$ -	\$ 19,700,881	\$111,676,114
Tuna Balance, Ena or Ital	Ψ 4π,που,π44	Ψ Ψ0,120,123	Ψ 13,307,3/9	Ψ 0,007,505	Ψ	ψ 17,700,001	ψ 111,070,114

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total change in fund balances, governmental funds:

\$ 34,202,507

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets, lease assets, and subscription assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets, lease assets, and subscription assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or amortization expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense or amortization expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay	3,919,528	
Depreciation expense	(4,452,731)	
Amortization expense	(361,490)	
	Net	(894,693)

Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

26,412,285

Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(50,160,991)

Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources: In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources, in addition to compensated absences and long-term debt. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:

270,390

Debt issue costs for prepaid debt insurance: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs for prepaid debt insurance are amortized over the life of the debt. The difference between debt issue costs for prepaid insurance incurred in the current period and prepaid insurance costs amortized for the period is:

(215,182)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:

(9,293,130)

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of debt issue premium or discount, or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding for the period was:

3,197,029

Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:

(270,316)

Pensions: In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

667,057

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(568,295)

Change in net position of governmental activities:

\$ 3,346,661

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

San Ysidro School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

1. Reporting Entity

The District operates under a locally elected Board of Education form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, special revenue funds, capital facilities funds, debt service funds, and student-related activities.

2. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District and the San Ysidro Community Facilities District (the CFD) and the San Ysidro School District Public Financing Authority (PFA) have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the CFD and PFA as a component unit of the District. Therefore, the financial activities of the CFD and PFA have been included in the basic financial statements as a blended component unit.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the CFD and PFA which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, criteria:

a. Manifestations of Oversight

The governing body of the CFD and PFA are substantively the same as the District's Board of Directors.

The CFD and PFA have no employees, the District's Superintendent and Director of Fiscal Services function as agents of the CFD and PFA. Neither individual received additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.

The District exercises significant influence over operations of the CFD and PFA as it is anticipated that the District will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the CFD and PFA.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

b. Accounting and Fiscal Matters

All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the CFD and PFA must have the consent of the District.

The District will assume a "moral obligation", and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the CFD and PFA.

c. Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation

The CFD and PFA was created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.

The CFD and PFA were created pursuant to a joint powers agreement between the District and the California Statewide Communities Development Authority, pursuant to California Government Code, commencing with Section 6500. The CFD and PFA were formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion the District intends to occupy all CFD and PFA facilities.

The CFD and PFA's financial activity for debt service payments is presented in the financial statements of the Debt Service Fund Blended Component Units, all other activities of the CFD and PFA are reported in the financial statements of the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units.

Based upon review of the applicable GASB pronouncements, the District is not a component unit of any other entity.

3. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Major Governmental Funds

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code §15146*) and may not be used for any purpose other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code §17462*) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code §41003*).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code §15125 through §15262*). The County of San Diego Auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the County Treasurer from taxes levied by the County Auditor-Controller.

Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units (CFD & PFA): This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Government Code §5311 et seq.) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" (CFD) for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services. The District has one CFD reported as a blended component unit.

Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units (CFD & PFA): This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by Mello-Roos Community Facility Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (*Government Code §5311 et seq.*) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" (CFD) for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services. The District has one CFD reported as a blended component unit.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The District reports the following non-major governmental funds categorized by the fund type:

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Associated Student Body Fund: This fund is used to account separately for the activities of associated student body organizations operated by the District.

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code §38091 through §38093*). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code §38091 and §38100*).

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs.

Capital Projects Funds: Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The District maintains the following nonmajor capital projects funds:

Capital Facilities Fund: The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code §17620 through §17626). The authority for these levies may be county or city ordinances (Government Code §65970 through §65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. All funds, including interest earned, are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code §65970 through §65981 or Government Code §65995, or items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code §66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code §17070.43* to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D) or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51). The fund is used primarily to account for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants as provided in the Leroy F. Green School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code §17070.10 et seq.*).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of general fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code §42840*). This fund may also be used to account for any other revenues specifically for capital projects that are not restricted to other capital projects funds. Other authorized resources that may be deposited into this fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code §17462*) and rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code§41003*).

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

4. <u>Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. The governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

5. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid or at year end, whichever is sooner.

6. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1st. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board has satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

7. Revenues and Expenses

a. Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as to not distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, property taxes, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

b. <u>Expenses/Expenditures</u>

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

In accordance with Education Code §41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code §53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with San Diego County Treasury was not available.

b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance designation, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures during the benefiting period.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Life
Buildings & Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Land Improvements	10 - 25 Years
Equipment	5 - 15 Years

d. Lease Assets & Lease Liabilities

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles and equipment. In accordance with GASB Statement 87, the District records lease assets and lease liabilities with a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the underlying asset (as defined in capital assets policy) or the lease term. Lease liabilities are reduced as principal payments on the lease are made.

e. <u>Subscription Assets & Subscription Liabilities</u>

A subscription based information technology arrangement (SBITA) is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. SBITAs result in a subscription asset and subscription liability on the date of inception in accordance with GASB Statement 96 which are recorded at present value using an imputed interest rate based on the best available borrowing rate for the District in the year of inception. The District has established a capitalization threshold for subscription assets and liabilities of \$5,000. The subscription assets are amortized over the subscription term. The subscription liabilities are reduced as principal payments on the agreements are paid.

f. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The balance of the liabilities is recognized in the government-wide financial statements at year end.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

g. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

h. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers in and transfers out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

i. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact (such as revolving cash accounts or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance represents amounts that are subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget or resolution. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

j. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District has adopted a policy to maintain a minimum economic uncertainty reserve of at least 3% of the total general fund expenditures and other financing uses. The reserve may be increased from time to time in order to address specific anticipated revenue or cash flow shortfalls. The primary purpose of this reserve is to avoid the need for service level reductions in the event of economic downturn. The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. Because amounts in the nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned categories are subject to varying constraints in use, the Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consists of balances that are otherwise unassigned.

k. <u>Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

1. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources relating to pension, deferred inflows of resources relating to pension, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan), and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain timeframes. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date July 1, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

10. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

12. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for

an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs to an asset or liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

13. New Accounting Pronouncements

The District has adopted accounting policies compliant with new pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Those newly implemented pronouncements are as follows:

Description	Date Issued
GASB Statement No. 99 <i>Omnibus 2022</i> (Portions related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs)	Apr-22
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1 Implementation Guidance Update 2021 (Portion Related to Question 5.1)	May-21

Implementation of these standards did not result in any changes to financial accounting or reporting for the District.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation	Action Taken
None Reported	Not Applicable

2. <u>Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds</u>

The following funds are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

	Deficit	
Fund Name	Amount	Remarks
None	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

C. Fair Value Measurements

The District's investments at June 30, 2024, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

		Fair Value Measurement Using					
					Significant		
		Quoted Prices in Other Sign			nificant		
		Act	ive Markets	Observable		Unobservable	
		for Identical		Identical Inputs		Inputs	
	 Amount	Ass	ets (Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Le	evel 3)
External investment pools measured at fair value							
San Diego County Treasury	\$ 107,899,471	\$		\$	107,899,471	\$	
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 107,899,471	\$		\$	107,899,471	\$	
Total investments by fair value level							
Money Market Funds	\$ 4,939,634	\$	4,939,634	\$		\$	
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 4,939,634	\$	4,939,634	\$	-	\$	-

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code §41001). The fair value of the District's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The San Diego County Treasury is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company; however, the County Treasury acts in accordance with investment policies monitored by a Treasury Oversight Committee consisting of members appointed by participants in the investment pool and up to five members of the public having expertise, or an academic background in, public finance. In addition, the County Treasury is audited annually by an independent auditor.

D. Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2024 the District held the following cash and investments:

				Blended Con	nponent Units & PFA)		
	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 27,115,528	\$ 45,479,947	\$ 14,423,920	\$ 2,276,889	\$ -	\$ 20,254,387	\$ 109,550,671
FMV Adjustment	(408,756)	(685,358)	(217,435)	(34,324)	-	(305,327)	(1,651,200)
Revolving Cash	88,433	_	-	-	-	1,000	89,433
Cash in Bank	24,415	-	-	-	-	37,722	62,137
Cash with Fiscal Agent			1,177,894	3,761,740			4,939,634
Total	\$ 26,819,620	\$ 44,794,589	\$ 15,384,379	\$ 6,004,305	\$ -	\$ 19,987,782	\$ 112,990,675

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code §41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$109,550,671 as of June 30, 2024). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$107,899,471. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

2. Cash on Hand, In Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$62,137 as of June 30, 2024) and in revolving fund (\$89,433 as of June 30, 2024) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

3. Cash with Fiscal Agents

The District's cash with fiscal agents at (\$4,939,634 as of June 30, 2024) are in short term Money Market accounts.

4. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20% of Base	None
Medium-Term Corporate notes	5 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

5. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county treasury is restricted by Government Code §53635 pursuant to §53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of risk.

At June 30, 2024, credit risk for the District's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount	
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	Unrated	Not Applicable	\$ 107,899,471	
Money Market Funds	Unrated	Not Applicable	4,939,634	

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At June 30, 2024, the District bank accounts were held in institutions which held insurance for the entire amount, but not in the District's name and as such the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk for any amounts in excess of the FDIC insurance limitations per banking institution.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District maintains pooled investments with the San Diego County Treasury with a fair value of \$107,899,471. The average weighted maturity for this pool was 449 days at June 30, 2024.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

6. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is a 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

E. Accounts Receivable

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end. Accounts receivable balances as of June 30, 2024, consisted of:

	Nonmajor					
	General	Governmental				
	Fund	Funds	Total			
Federal Government:						
Special Education	\$ 1,127,158	\$ -	\$ 1,127,158			
Title I	305,653	-	305,653			
Title II	87,872	-	87,872			
ESSER	524,293	-	524,293			
Head Start	-	96,122	96,122			
Child Nutrition	-	474,033	474,033			
Other Federal Programs	119,839	-	119,839			
State Government:						
LCFF State Aid	201,478	-	201,478			
Lottery	264,152	-	264,152			
Special Education	5,583	-	5,583			
Child Development	-	93,989	93,989			
Child Nutrition	-	811,002	811,002			
Other State Programs	20,000	-	20,000			
Local Sources						
Interest	2,758	5,432	8,190			
ASES	6,092		6,092			
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 2,664,878	\$ 1,480,578	\$ 4,145,456			

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

F. Capital Assets, Lease Assets and Subscription Assets

Capital asset, lease asset and subscription asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental activities:	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 45,896,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,896,267
Work in progress	6,168,561	3,617,740	4,167,444	5,618,857
Total capital assets not being depreciated	52,064,828	3,617,740	4,167,444	51,515,124
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	19,923,026	3,199,103	-	23,122,129
Buildings and improvements	134,727,997	968,341	-	135,696,338
Equipment	4,308,733	-	-	4,308,733
Total capital assets being depreciated	158,959,756	4,167,444		163,127,200
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(17,567,409)	(470,021)	-	(18,037,430)
Buildings and improvements	(58,245,105)	(3,829,105)	-	(62,074,210)
Equipment	(3,114,326)	(153,605)		(3,267,931)
Total accumulated depreciation	(78,926,840)	(4,452,731)		(83,379,571)
Total capital assets, net	132,097,744	3,332,453	4,167,444	131,262,753
Lease assets				
Equipment	131,769	301,788	-	433,557
Less accumulated amortization	(86,494)	(73,425)		(159,919)
Total lease assets, net	45,275	228,363		273,638
Subscription assets				
Software subscriptions	845,500	-	-	845,500
Less accumulated amortization	(290,476)	(288,065)		(578,541)
Total subscription assets, net	555,024	(288,065)		266,959
Total capital lease, and subscription assets, net	\$ 132,698,043	\$ 3,272,751	\$ 4,167,444	\$ 131,803,350

Depreciation and amortization were charged to functions as follows:

	Depreciation		An	nortization
	<u>B</u>	y Function	By	Function
Instruction	\$	3,269,906	\$	288,065
Instruction Related		648,617		-
Pupil Services		457,193		-
Ancillary Services		6,678		-
General Administration		42,291		73,425
Plant Services		28,046		-
	\$	4,452,731	\$	361,490

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

G. Interfund Balances & Activities

1. <u>Due To and From Other Funds</u>

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable			
(Due From Other Funds)	(Due To Other Funds)	A	mount	Purpose
General Fund	Building Fund	\$	460	Reimburse expenditures
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		255,506	Indirect costs and expenditure reimbursement
Building Fund	General Fund	1	,538,132	Reimburse expenditures
	Total	\$ 1	,794,098	

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental funds	\$ 54,637	Capital projects expenditures
Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund	3,279,193	Debt payments
	Total	\$ 3,333,830	

H. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable balances in the fund financial statements as of June 30, 2024, consisted of:

	Major Governmental Funds								
	General		Building		Nonmajor Governmental				
	Fund		Fund		Funds		_	Total	
Vendors Payable	\$	1,377,868	\$	210,007	\$	30,313	\$	1,618,188	
Payroll and Benefits		1,023,773		2,129		108,840		1,134,742	
LCFF Repayment		811,167						811,167	
Total Accounts Payable	\$	3,212,808	\$	212,136	\$	139,153	\$	3,564,097	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

I. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue balances as of June 30, 2024, consisted of:

	Non Major					
	(General	Go	vernmental		
		Fund	Funds			Total
Federal Programs						
ESSA School Improvement	\$	63,756	\$	-	\$	63,756
ESSER		311,560		-		311,560
Head Start		-		304,965		304,965
Child Nutrition		-		38,822		38,822
Other Federal Programs		6,894		-		6,894
State Programs						
Universal PreKinder Grant		140,890		-		140,890
Local Programs						
Child Development		-		1,059,595		1,059,595
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	523,100	\$	1,403,382	\$	1,926,482

J. Short Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as other financing sources. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District did not enter into any short-term debt agreements.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

K. Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds

Ending fund balance classifications of the governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of:

					nponent Units		
	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Capital Projects Fund	& PFA) Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable Fund Balance		_					
Revolving Cash	\$ 88,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,433
Stores						30,562	30,562
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	88,433					30,562	118,995
Restricted Fund Balance							
Capital Projects	809,484	46,120,125	-	6,004,305	-	15,624,615	68,558,529
Debt Service	-	-	15,384,379	-	-	-	15,384,379
Educational Programs	16,975,333	-	-	-	-	876,909	17,852,242
Child Nutrition	-	-	-	-	-	3,131,073	3,131,073
Associated Student Body	-	-	-	-	-	37,722	37,722
Other Purposes	3,373,242						3,373,242
Total Restricted Fund Balance	21,158,059	46,120,125	15,384,379	6,004,305	-	19,670,319	108,337,187
Assigned Fund Balance							
Educational Programs	337,031	-	-	-	-	-	337,031
Total Assigned Fund Balance	337,031						337,031
Unassigned Fund Balance							
For Economic Uncertanties	2,671,690	-	-	-	-	-	2,671,690
Total Unassigned Fund Balance	2,671,690	-		-			2,671,690
Total Fund Balance	\$ 24,255,213	\$ 46,120,125	\$ 15,384,379	\$ 6,004,305	\$ -	\$ 19,700,881	\$111,464,903

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

L. Long Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$131,766,068	\$ 49,135,000	\$ 24,221,075	\$156,679,993	\$ 8,646,776
Bond Premiums	5,406,888	724,203	830,099	5,300,992	342,142
Accreted Interest	74,382,191	8,841,432	1,996,868	81,226,755	2,283,224
Total GO Bonds	211,555,147	58,700,635	27,048,042	243,207,740	11,272,142
Certificates of Participation	34,490,000	-	1,835,000	32,655,000	1,835,000
COPS Premiums	2,332,463		129,915	2,202,548	130,601
Total Certificates of Participation	36,822,463		1,964,915	34,857,548	1,965,601
Leases Payable	45,534	301,788	68,057	279,265	51,800
Subscriptions Payable	584,659	-	288,153	296,506	277,909
Principal Apportionment Plan	1,081,557	-	270,390	811,167	270,390
Total OPEB Liability*	16,544,352	-	526,636	16,017,716	-
Net Pension Liability*	52,465,884	9,595,670	-	62,061,554	-
Compensated Absences*	440,532	270,316	-	710,848	710,848
Total Governmental Activities	\$319,540,128	\$ 68,868,409	\$ 30,166,193	\$358,242,344	\$ 14,548,690

^{*}Other long-term liabilities

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made from the bond interest and redemption fund.
- Payments for certificates of participation are made from the debt service fund for blended component units.
- Payments for leases payable are made from the general fund.
- Payments for subscriptions payable are made from the general fund.
- Payments for pension contributions are made from the general fund.
- Payments for OPEB contributions are made from the general fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are made from the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2. General Obligation Bonds

The District's bonded debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds pay primarily for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes.

In 1997, registered voters authorized the issuance of \$250,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds. Of the amounts originally authorized, \$108,487,391 were not issued.

On March 3, 2020, registered voters approved Measure U authorizing the issuance of \$55,500,000 in bonds to replace the bonds previously authorized in 1997. Of the amounts authorized under Measure U, \$20,500,000 remains unissued.

On March 3, 2020, registered voters approved Measure T authorizing the issuance of \$52,985,000 in general obligation bonds. Of the amounts authorized under Measure T, \$22,155,000 remains unissued.

On April 11, 2024 the District issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$19,135,000 to partially refund 2015 Refunding Bonds.

General obligation bonds at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Date of Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	
1997 Election, Series D	02/01/05	3.00-4.25%	08/01/29	\$ 24,619,362	
1997 Election, Series E	11/15/07	4.00-5.00%	08/01/32	33,952,740	
1997 Election, Series F	06/28/11	2.00-10.90%	08/01/50	17,599,623	
1997 Election, Series G	05/31/12	5.45-12.00%	08/01/41	28,990,884	
2012 Refunding Bonds	06/27/12	0.50-5.00%	08/01/29	29,860,000	
2015 Refunding Bonds	06/03/15	2.00-5.43%	08/01/48	45,643,442	
2020 Series A, Measure U	09/03/20	3.00-4.00%	08/01/45	20,000,000	
2020 Series A, Measure T	09/03/20	0.37-2.97%	08/01/45	15,830,000	
2020 Series B, Measure T	08/01/23	4.00 - 5.00%	08/01/45	15,000,000	
2020 Series B, Measure U	08/01/23	4.00 - 5.00%	08/01/45	15,000,000	
2024 Refunding Bond	04/11/24	4.00%	08/01/43	19,135,000	
Total GO Bonds				\$ 265,631,051	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
1997 Election, Series D	Balance	Hiereases	Decreases	Datanec	One Teat
Principal	\$ 10,003,299	\$ -	\$ 1,333,132	\$ 8,670,167	\$ 1,341,094
Premium	241,478	_	32,182	209,296	32,374
Accreted Interest	15,622,325	1,294,257	1,996,868	14,919,714	2,198,906
1997 Election, Series E	13,022,323	1,27-1,237	1,220,000	14,515,714	2,170,700
Principal	14,137,741			14,137,741	65,682
Premium	301,361	-	-	301,361	709
Accreted Interest	16,665,800	1,624,306	-	18,290,106	84,318
1997 Election, Series F	10,003,000	1,024,300	-	16,290,100	04,310
Principal	580,702	_	_	580,702	_
Premium	35,967	_	_	35,967	
Accreted Interest	1,406,938	222,454	_	1,629,392	
1997 Election, Series G	1,400,230	222,434		1,027,372	
Principal	28,990,884	_	_	28,990,884	_
Premium	925,828			925,828	_
Accreted Interest	23,847,231	3,070,530	_	26,917,761	_
2012 Refunding Bonds	25,047,251	3,070,330		20,717,701	
Principal	9,660,000	_	1,655,000	8,005,000	1,790,000
Premium	604,144	_	103,505	500,639	111,948
2015 Refunding Bonds	001,141		103,303	300,037	111,540
Principal	38,328,442	_	20,222,943	18,105,499	2,130,000
Premium	1,127,710	_	595,004	532,706	62,669
Accreted Interest	16,839,897	2,629,885	575,001	19,469,782	02,007
2020 Series A, Measure U	10,037,077	2,027,003		15,105,702	
Principal	16,805,000	_	810,000	15,995,000	155,000
Premium	2,170,400	_	99,408	2,070,992	19,022
2020 Series A, Measure T	2,170,100		77,100	2,070,772	17,022
Principal	13,260,000	_	200,000	13,060,000	225,000
2020 Series B, Measure T	13,200,000		200,000	15,000,000	223,000
Principal	_	15,000,000	_	15,000,000	1,480,000
Premium	_	578,889	_	578,889	57,117
2020 Series B, Measure U		370,009		370,007	37,117
Principal	_	15,000,000	_	15,000,000	1,460,000
Premium	_	599,005		599,005	58,303
2024 Refunding Bond		377,003		377,003	30,303
Principal		19,135,000	_	19,135,000	
Principal Discount	-	(453,691)	-	(453,691)	-
Total GO Bonds	\$ 211,555,147	\$ 58,700,635	\$ 27,048,042	\$ 243,207,740	\$ 11,272,142
Total GO Bolius	\$ 211,333,147	\$ 30,700,033	φ 41,040,042	\$ 243,207,740	φ 11,∠/∠,14Z

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ended			Accreted	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 8,646,776	\$ 3,313,689	\$ 2,283,224	\$ 14,243,689
2026	8,561,794	3,170,648	2,418,206	14,150,648
2027	4,373,112	2,986,243	5,186,888	12,546,243
2028	4,485,327	2,933,358	5,644,673	13,063,358
2029	4,473,335	2,879,892	6,261,665	13,614,892
2030-2034	20,523,032	13,693,265	38,221,968	72,438,265
2035-2039	30,179,212	12,315,567	50,165,788	92,660,567
2040-2044	49,871,906	7,577,080	71,690,152	129,139,138
2045-2049	25,565,499	471,669	94,824,500	120,861,668
Total	\$ 156,679,993	\$ 49,341,411	\$ 276,697,064	\$ 482,718,468

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Accreted Interest

Amounts represented in the repayment schedule for accreted interest are reflective of 100% of amounts to be repaid. Amounts represented as accreted interest in the debt summary are reflective of amounts that have accrued as of June 30, 2024.

Accreted interest is the process of systematically increasing the carrying amount of capital appreciation bonds to their estimated value at the maturity date of the bond. The District imputes the effective interest rate, using the present value, the face value, and the period of the bond and multiplies the effective interest rate by the book value of the debt at the end of the period.

Premium/Discount

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond.

Bond discount arises when the market rate of interest is lower than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the discount decrease the face value of the bond and then amortize the discount over the life of the bond. The discounts are amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest rate method.

Effective interest on general obligation bonds issued at a premium or discount are as follows:

	1997 Series D	1997 Series E	1997 Series F	1997 Series G	2012 Refunding
Total Interest Payments on Bonds Less Bond Premium Net Interest Payments	\$ 30,814,643 (594,306) \$ 30,220,337	\$ 43,043,707 (723,738) \$ 42,319,969	\$ 213,389,044 (1,090,083) \$ 212,298,961	\$ 88,034,116 (925,828) \$ 87,108,288	\$ 9,538,616 (1,867,466) \$ 7,671,150
Par Amount of Bonds Periods	24,619,362 25	33,952,740 25	17,599,623 39	28,990,884 30	29,860,000 18
Effective Interest Rate	4.91%	4.99%	30.93%	10.02%	1.43%
	2015 Refunding	2020 Series A, Measure U	2020 Series B, Measure T	2020 Series B, Measure U	2024 Refunding
Total Interest Payments on Bonds	\$ 128,956,075	\$ 11,487,125	\$ 10,111,000	\$ 10,134,800	\$ 14,149,907
Less Bond Premium	(1,342,933)	(2,454,509)	(578,889)	(599,005)	-
Plus Bond Discount					453,691
Net Interest Payments	\$ 127,613,142	\$ 9,032,616	\$ 9,532,111	\$ 9,535,795	\$ 14,149,907
Par Amount of Bonds	45,643,442	20,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	19,135,000
Periods	34	25	23	23	20
Effective Interest Rate	8.22%	1.81%	2.76%	2.76%	3.70%

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

3. Certificates of Participation

The District's certificates of participation (COPs) consist of various issues of COPs that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. COPs proceeds pay primarily for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The District repays COPs from the debt service fund for component units. The debt is secured by facilities owned by the District.

Certificates of participation issued by the District as of June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Da	te of Issue	Inte	rest Ra	nte	Maturi	ty Date		nount of inal Issue
2015 Refunding COPS	(08/18/15	1.7	5-5.009	%	09/0	01/34	\$ 2	21,585,000
2016 Refunding COPS	(09/29/16	2.0	0-4.009	%	09/0)1/35		6,505,000
2021 COPS	(04/08/21	2.0	0-4.009	%	09/0	01/50	1	6,455,000
Total COPs								\$ 4	14,545,000
	Beginning						Ending	Г	ue Within
	Balance		eases	De	creases		Balance		One Year
2015 Refunding COPS				•					
Principal	\$ 13,420,0	00 \$	-	\$	1,230,000	\$	12,190,000	\$	1,170,000
Premium	969,1	65	-		88,828		880,337		84,495
2016 Refunding COPS									
Principal	5,670,0	00	-		195,000		5,475,000		230,000
Premium	616,8	33	-		21,214		595,619		25,021
2021 COPS									
Principal	15,400,0	00	-		410,000		14,990,000		435,000
Premium	746,4	65			19,873		726,592		21,085
Total COPs	\$ 36,822,4	63 \$		\$	1,964,915	\$	34,857,548	\$	1,965,601

The annual requirements to amortize the certificates of participation at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 1,835,000	\$ 1,182,143	\$ 3,017,143
2026	1,740,000	1,099,493	2,839,493
2027	1,795,000	1,018,343	2,813,343
2028	1,935,000	942,756	2,877,756
2029	2,065,000	861,043	2,926,043
2030-2034	10,745,000	2,825,190	13,570,190
2035-2039	6,890,000	1,018,167	7,908,167
2040-2044	2,960,000	463,271	3,423,271
2045-2049	2,485,000	166,546	2,651,546
2050-2054	205,000	3,502	208,502
Total	\$ 32,655,000	\$ 9,580,454	\$ 42,235,454

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Premium

COPs premium arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the certificates. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the certificates and then amortize the premium over the life of the certificates.

Effective interest on certificates of participation issued at a premium are as follows:

	2015 Refunding COPs	2016 Refunding COPs	2021 COPS	
Total Interest Payments on COPs Less COPS Premium	\$ 9,324,060 (1,558,824)	\$ 3,376,150 (707,671)	\$ 6,060,569 (797,602)	
Net Interest Payments	\$ 7,765,236	\$ 2,668,479	\$ 5,262,967	
Par Amount of COPs Periods	21,585,000 20	6,505,000 21	16,455,000 30	
Effective Interest Rate	1.80%		1.07%	

4. Leases Payable

The District has entered into three lease agreements for the right to use equipment. The Print Shop lease agreement calls for monthly payments of \$2,732 for 36 months commencing July 1, 2021 and ending June 30, 2024. The Sunset lease calls for monthly payments of \$516 for 38 months commencing July 1, 2021 and ending August 31, 2024. The San Ysidro Middle School lease calls for monthly payments of \$557 for 38 months commencing July 1, 2021 and ending on August 31, 2024. The leases have been discounted to present value at an imputed rate of 3.50%.

Future payments on the leases are as follows:

	Year Ended					
_	June 30,	I	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
	2025	\$	51,800	\$	26,655	\$ 78,455
	2026		56,087		20,222	76,309
	2027		61,960		14,349	76,309
	2028		71,263		5,046	76,309
	2029		38,155			 38,155
	Total	\$	279,265	\$	66,272	\$ 345,537

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

5. Subscription Liabilities

The District entered into agreements with various companies subscribing to use of software for specified terms. Ten of the agreements resulted in subscription liabilities as defined by GASB Statement No. 96. Interest was imputed at a rate of 10% for the subscriptions.

Future payments on the subscriptions are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	 Total
2025	277,909	17,145	\$ 295,054
2026	8,835	1,462	10,297
2027	9,762	536	 10,298
Total	\$ 296,506	\$ 19,143	\$ 315,649

6. Principal Apportionment Repayment Plan

In October 2019, the California Department of Education approved the request for a repayment plan to resolve the impact and overstatement of principal apportionment for the 2016-17 fiscal year as a result of the overstated attendance finding which was documented in the 2015-16 audit report. After legal involvement and review, the District and the California Department of Education have agreed on the liability of \$2,163,117 to be repaid in eight annual installments consisting of seven annual installments of \$270,390 each with a final installment of \$270,387.

Annual installments will be withheld from principal apportionment paid to the District each year, beginning with the 2019-20 First Principal Apportionment until the full liability is satisfied. Interest on the outstanding balance of the repayment will be calculated at the rate earned on the state's short term pooled money investment account. Any interest accrued during the year will be calculated and withheld from the Second Principal Apportionment, beginning in 2021-22 until all interest charges are satisfied.

The repayment plan for the liability is as follows:

		2016-17						
Year Ended	App	ortionment						
June 30,	Repayments		In	Interest		Total		
2025	\$	270,390	\$	-	\$	270,390		
2026		270,390		-		270,390		
2027		270,387		_		270,387		
Totals	\$	811,167	\$		\$	811,167		

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

7. <u>Limited Tax Obligation Bonds</u>

On April 8, 2021, the District issued limited tax obligation bonds between the Community Facilities District (CFD) and the Public Financing Authority (PFA) for the purpose of repaying the 2021 COPs issued. Principal and interest payments are made from the CFD to the PFA semi-annually. The issuance results in both a debt to the CFD and a receivable to the PFA as follows:

	Date of Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue
2021 Limited Obligation Bonds - CFD 2021 Limited Obligation Receivable - PFA Total Limited Obligation Bonds	04/08/21 04/08/21	2.00-4.00% 2.00-4.00%	09/01/50 09/01/50	\$ 16,455,000 (16,455,000) \$ -
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
2021 Limited Obligation Bonds - CFD				
Principal	\$ 15,400,000	\$ -	\$ 410,000	\$ 14,990,000
Premium	746,465	-	19,873	726,592
2021 Limited Obligation Receivable - PFA				
Principal	(15,400,000)	-	(410,000)	(14,990,000)
Premium	(746,465)		(19,873)	(726,592)
Total Limited Obligation Bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Repayments of the limited obligation bonds are scheduled as follows:

Year Ended	CFD	CFD	PFA	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Receivable	Total
2025	\$ 435,000	\$ 421,918	\$ (856,918)	\$ -
2026	450,000	404,218	(854,218)	-
2027	510,000	385,018	(895,018)	-
2028	545,000	363,918	(908,918)	-
2029	590,000	341,218	(931,218)	-
2030-2034	2,825,000	1,350,990	(4,175,990)	-
2035-2039	3,985,000	884,192	(4,869,192)	-
2040-2044	2,960,000	463,271	(3,423,271)	-
2045-2049	2,485,000	166,546	(2,651,546)	-
2050-2054	205,000	3,502	(208,502)	
Total	\$ 14,990,000	\$ 4,784,791	\$ (19,774,791)	\$ -

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$710,848. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

9. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$52,465,884 and increased by \$9,595,670 during the year ended June 30, 2024 for an ending net pension liability of \$62,061,554. See Note M for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

10. Net OPEB Liability

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$16,544,352 and decreased during the year ended June 30, 2024 by \$526,636. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 was \$16,017,716. See Note N for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

M. Pension Plans

1. General Information about the Pension Plans

a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

b. Benefits Paid

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS		
	Before	After	
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement Age	55 - 60	55 - 62	
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1 - 2.4%*	1.0 - 2.4%*	
Required Employee Contribution Rates (2023-24)	10.250%	10.205%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates (2023-24)	19.100%	19.100%	
Required State Contribution Rates (2023-24)	10.828%	10.828%	

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

^{**}The contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based, in part, on the normal cost of benefits and may increase or decrease in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	CalPERS		
	Before	After	
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement Age	50 - 62	52 - 67	
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1 - 2.5%*	1.0 - 2.5%*	
Required Employee Contribution Rates (2023-24)	7.000%	8.000%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates (2023-24)	26.680%	26.680%	

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base

c. Contributions

CalSTRS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, California Education Code §22950 requires members to contribute monthly to the system 10.205% (if hired on or after January 1, 2013) or 10.25% (if hired before January 1, 2013) of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition, the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS board have been established at 19.10% of creditable compensation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary. Those adjustments are limited to 1% annually, not to exceed 20.25% of creditable compensation.

CalPERS

California Public Employees' Retirement Law §20814(c) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the employee contribution rate was 7.00% for employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 and 8.00% for employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, and the employer contribution rate was 26.68% of covered payroll.

^{**}The rate imposed on CalPERS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

On Behalf Payments

Consistent with California Education Code §22955.1, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 the State contributed 10.828% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. Consistent with the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles, the District has recorded these contributions as revenue and expense in the fund financial statements (current financial resources measurement focus). The government-wide financial statements have recorded revenue and expense for pension expense paid on behalf of the District (economic resources measurement focus). Contributions reported for on behalf payments are based on the District's proportionate share of the States contribution for the fiscal year. Contributions made by the state on behalf of the District and the State's pension expense associated with District employees for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

CalSTRS						
On Behalf On Behalf On Beha						
Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution	Pension			
June 30,	Rate	Amount	Expense			
2022	10.828%	\$ 2,857,871	\$ 425,237			
2023	10.828%	3,076,229	9,374,073			
2024	10.828%	2,700,629	(861,171)			

d. Contributions Recognized

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 (measurement period June 30, 2023), the contributions recognized for each plan were:

	Governmental Fund Financial Statements				
	(Current Financial Resources Measurement				
	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total		
Contributions - Employer	\$ 5,567,496	\$ 3,757,459	\$ 9,324,955		
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments	2,865,847		2,865,847		
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 8,433,343	\$ 3,757,459	\$ 12,190,802		
		nt-Wide Financial esources Measure			
	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total		
Contributions - Employer	\$ 5,624,913	\$ 3,037,118	\$ 8,662,031		
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments	2,701,352		2,701,352		
Total Government-Wide	\$ 8,326,265	\$ 3,037,118	\$ 11,363,383		

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023 (measurement date) the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

Proportionate Share of the
Net Pension Liability

 CalSTRS
 CalPERS
 Total

 Governmental Activities
 \$ 37,394,909
 \$ 24,666,645
 \$ 62,061,554

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to measurement date June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024 were as follows:

		CalSTRS				
	District's	*State's	Total for	District's		
	Proportionate	Proportionate	District	Proportionate		
	Share	Share	Employees	Share		
Governmental Activities						
Proportion June 30, 2023	0.040249%	0.027706%	0.067955%	0.071198%		
Proportion June 30, 2024	0.049100%	0.023517%	0.072617%	0.068142%		
Change in Proportion	0.008851%	-0.004189%	0.004662%	-0.003056%		

^{*}Represents State's Proportionate Share on behalf of District employees.

a. Pension Expense

	Governmental Activities					
	CalSTRS Cal		CalPERS		Total	
Change in Net Pension Liability	\$	9,427,605	\$	168,065	\$	9,595,670
State On Behalf Pension Expense		(861,171)		-		(861,171)
Employer Contributions		5,621,835		2,978,227		8,600,062
Change in Deferrals for:						-
Experience Differences		(3,027,492)		(1,013,988)		(4,041,480)
Changes in Assumptions		876,967		675,883		1,552,850
Changes in Proportionate Share		(5,340,108)		542,613		(4,797,495)
Earnings Differences		(1,264,392)		(16,247)		(1,280,639)
Total Pension Expense	\$	5,433,244	\$	3,334,553	\$	8,767,797

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

b. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					es
	CalSTRS		CalPERS		Total	
Governmental Activities						
Subsequent Contributions	\$	5,567,496	\$	3,757,459	\$	9,324,955
Experience Differences		2,938,845		900,156		3,839,001
Changes in Assumptions		216,531		1,136,383		1,352,914
Changes in Proportionate Share		6,563,873		106,547		6,670,420
Earnings Differences		158,202		2,634,750		2,792,952
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	15,444,947	\$	8,535,295	\$	23,980,242
	Deferred Inflows of Resources				es	
	CalSTRS		CalPERS		Total	
Governmental Activities						_
Experience Differences	\$	2,000,334	\$	378,843	\$	2,379,177
Changes in Proportionate Share		2,166,642		1,369,283		3,535,925
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,166,976	\$	1,748,126	\$	5,915,102

Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a portion of pension expense in the year ended June 30, 2025. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase or decrease to pension expense over a five-year period. Pension expense resulting from deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
	Deferred Outflo	vs of Resources							
Year Ended					Net Effect				
June 30,	CalSTRS	CalPERS	CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses				
2025	\$ 6,392,973	\$ 5,279,904	\$ (1,640,676)	\$ (758,953)	\$ 9,273,248				
2026	(19,890)	1,148,253	(1,634,082)	(704,849)	(1,210,568)				
2027	4,854,069	2,025,143	(421,208)	(284,324)	6,173,680				
2028	1,548,298	81,995	(353,661)	-	1,276,632				
2029	1,365,696	-	(117,349)	-	1,248,347				
Thereafter	1,303,801				1,303,801				
Total	\$ 15,444,947	\$ 8,535,295	\$ (4,166,976)	\$ (1,748,126)	\$ 18,065,140				

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

c. Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were based on actuarial valuations determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Fiscal Year	6/30/2024	6/30/2024
Measurement Date	6/30/2023	6/30/2023
Valuation Date	6/30/2022	6/30/2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Experience Study Period	2015 - 2018	2000 - 2019
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.10%	6.90%
Inflation	2.75%	2.30%
Payroll Growth	3.50%	Varies ⁽³⁾
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	6.90%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	2.00% Simple (1)	2.00% - 2.30% ⁽⁴⁾
Mortality	CalSTRS Data ⁽²⁾	CalPERS Data ⁽⁵⁾

- (1) CalSTRS post-retirement benefit increases assumed at 2% simple (annually) maintaining 85% purchasing power level.
- (2) CalSTRS base mortality tables are custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among CalSTRS members. The projection scale was set to equal 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.
- (3) Varies by entry age and service.
- (4) CalPERS post retirement benefit increases assumes 2.00% until PPPA floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.
- (5) CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvement using the Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2021 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 2000 to 2019) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

d. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for CalSTRS and 6.90% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed the contributions from the plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies (where applicable) will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate, and the use of the discount bond rate calculations is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in detailed reports that can be obtained from CalPERS and CalSTRS respective websites.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% at measurement date June 30, 2015 (Fiscal year June 30, 2016) to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses. Subsequently CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% at measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from actuarially determined amounts. Finally, the CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.15% to 6.90% at measurement date June 30, 2022 (Fiscal year June 30, 2023) resulting from a new actuarial experience study completed.

The CalSTRS discount rate was adjusted from 7.60% to 7.10% for measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from a new actuarial experience study.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. CalSTRS completed their ALM November 2019 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2021. CalPERS completed their ALM in 2021 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2022. Both CalSTRS and CalPERS conduct new ALM's every 4 years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The tables below reflect the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return ⁽¹⁾
Public Equity	38.00%	5.25%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.05%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.75%
Fixed Income	14.00%	2.45%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	10.00%	2.25%
Inflation Sensitive	7.00%	3.65%
Cash/Liquid	2.00%	0.05%

^{(1) 20-}Year Average. Real rates of return are net of assumed 2.75% inflation.

CalPERS

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return ^{(2),(3)}
Global Equity - cap weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity - non-cap weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-Backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%

⁽²⁾ An expected price inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

⁽³⁾ Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management Study.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

e. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS		
1% Decrease	 6.10%		5.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 62,727,214	\$	35,661,594	
Current Discount Rate	7.10%		6.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 37,394,909	\$	24,666,645	
1% Increase	8.10%		7.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,353,737	\$	15,579,572	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

3. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

CalSTRS Governmental Activities

]	Increase (Decrease)	1	
				State's Share of	District's Share
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	Net Pension	of Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)
Balance at June 30, 2023					
(Previously Reported)	\$ 251,122,263	\$ 203,903,248	\$ 47,219,015	\$ 19,251,711	\$ 27,967,304
Changes for the year					
Change in proportionate share	17,228,048	13,988,624	3,239,424	(2,910,756)	6,150,180
Service cost	5,936,440	-	5,936,440	1,922,515	4,013,925
Interest	19,008,952	-	19,008,952	6,156,045	12,852,907
Experience differences	5,070,845	-	5,070,845	1,642,192	3,428,653
Change in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-
Change in benefits	426,262	-	426,262	138,045	288,217
Contributions:					
Employer	-	5,624,913	(5,624,913)	(1,821,627)	(3,803,286)
Employee	-	3,126,162	(3,126,162)	(1,012,407)	(2,113,755)
State on behalf	-	2,701,352	(2,701,352)	(874,832)	(1,826,520)
Net investment income	-	14,287,395	(14,287,395)	(4,626,970)	(9,660,425)
Other income	-	220,756	(220,756)	(71,492)	(149,264)
Benefit payments ⁽¹⁾	(13,349,909)	(13,349,909)	-	-	-
Administrative expenses	-	(161,210)	161,210	52,208	109,002
Borrowing costs	-	(197,518)	197,518	63,966	133,552
Other expenses		(6,536)	6,536	2,117	4,419
Net changes	34,320,638	26,234,029	8,086,609	(1,340,996)	9,427,605
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 285,442,901	\$ 230,137,277	\$ 55,305,624	\$ 17,910,715	\$ 37,394,909

(1) – Includes refunds of employee contributions

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CalPERS Governmental Activities

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)			Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		let Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2023						
(Previously Reported)	\$	81,019,475	\$	56,520,895	\$	24,498,580
Changes for the year						
Change in proportionate share		(3,477,563)		(2,426,021)		(1,051,542)
Service cost		1,869,801		-		1,869,801
Interest		5,365,048		-		5,365,048
Experience differences		1,211,434		-		1,211,434
Change in assumptions		-		-		-
Change in benefits		-		-		-
Contributions:						
Employer		-		3,037,118		(3,037,118)
Employee		-		909,195		(909,195)
Nonemployer		-		-		-
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		(7)		7
Net investment income		-		3,320,287		(3,320,287)
Benefit payments ⁽¹⁾		(3,867,853)		(3,867,853)		
Administrative expenses		-		(39,917)		39,917
Other expenses						
Net changes		1,100,867		932,802		168,065
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 82,120,342		\$	57,453,697	\$	24,666,645

(1) – Includes refunds of employee contributions

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports available on their respective websites.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

N. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

The District provides postemployment health care benefits for retired employees in accordance with negotiated contracts with the various bargaining units of the District.

1. Plan Description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, San Ysidro School District Retiree Health Care Plan (the Plan) provides OPEB for retirees that meet eligibility requirements until age 65. Retirees in the plan are eligible for the same medical plans as active employees. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements lie with the Districts governing board.

2. Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of the current retiree benefit plan:

Certificated Employees

The District provides retiree medical coverage for retirees only until the last day of the month in which the retiree attains age 65. Retirees pay 100% of the cost of any spouse and dependent coverage. Spouse and dependent coverage (except for COBRA) ceases upon the death of the retiree. The District does not provide any financial contribution to retiree medical coverage beyond age 65. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement on or after age 55 with at least 15 years of service with the District. The retiree pays 100% of the cost of coverage to continue dental, vision, and life benefits.

Classified Employees

The District provides retiree medical coverage for retirees only until the last day of the month in which the retiree attains age 65. The District will pay 50% of the cost of coverage if the retiree has 15 years of service retirement. The 50% amount increases by 10% for each additional year of service up to 100%. The retiree pays 100% of the cost of any spouse or dependent coverage. Spouse and dependent coverage (except for COBRA) ceases upon the death of the retiree. The District does not provide any financial contribution for retiree medical coverage beyond age 65. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement on or after age 55 with at least 15 years of service with the District. The retiree pays 100% of the cost of coverage to continue dental, vision, and life benefits.

Management, Confidential and Supervisory Employees

The District provides retiree medical coverage for retirees only until the last day of the month in which the retiree attains age 65. Retirees pay 100% of the cost of any spouse and dependent coverage. Spouse and dependent coverage (except for COBRA) ceases upon the death of the retiree. The District does not provide any financial contribution for retiree medical coverage beyond age 65. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement on or after age 55 with at least 15 years of service with the District. The retiree pays 100% of the cost of coverage to continue dental, vision, and life benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Former Board Members

Former board members may continue health benefits at retirement on a self-pay basis. Former board members first elected to the governing board prior to January 1, 1995 and serving at least 12 years may receive a District contribution for retiree only coverage.

3. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the San Ysidro School District are established and may be amended by the San Ysidro School District through negotiations with bargaining units. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

4. Plan Membership

Membership of the plan consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	46
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	502
	548

5. Net OPEB Liability

The San Ysidro School District's Net OPEB liability of \$16,017,716 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024.

6. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The Net OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Economic assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per annum

Salary increases 2.80% per annum, in aggregate

Discount rate 4.13% Healthcare cost trend rates 8.00% Retiree's share of costs 0.00%

The discount rate is based on the Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Municipal Bond Index, which are tax-exempt municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Mortality rates are based on the most recent rates used by CalPERS and CalSTRS for pension valuations. The CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale BB. The CalSTRS mortality table was developed based on CalSTRS specific data. The table includes mortality improvements set at 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality improvement scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023, valuation were based on the results of CalPERS actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2019 and the CalSTRS experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

7. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Service cost	\$	779,743	
Interest		701,010	
Experience (Gains)/Losses		(15,360)	
Changes of assumptions		(1,619,339)	
Benefit payments		(372,690)	
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(526,636)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		16,544,352	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	16,017,716	

8. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the District's Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Valuation			
	1% Decrease (3.13%)	Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase (5.13%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 17,087,403	\$ 16,017,716	\$ 14,987,632	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the District's Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%
	Decreasing to	Decreasing to	Decreasing to
	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 14,496,595	\$ 16,017,716	\$ 17,765,767

10. OPEB Expense

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,103,866.

11. <u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2024 the District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following:

	Deferred			Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Resources		Resources		
Experience (Gains)/Losses	\$	253,556	\$	(1,171,326)	
Changes of assumptions		762,766		(3,490,930)	
Subsequent contributions		708,481			
Total	\$	1,724,803	\$	(4,662,256)	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will impact OPEB expense under the following amortization schedule:

	I	Deferred	Ι	Deferred		
Year Ended	O	utflows of	Iı	nflows of	Ne	et Effect on
June 30,	R	Lesources	R	esources	OP	EB Expense
2025	\$	931,325	\$	(599,731)	\$	331,594
2026		222,844		(599,727)		(376,883)
2027		222,844		(583,269)		(360,425)
2028		222,848		(583,269)		(360,421)
2029		93,859		(583,273)		(489,414)
Thereafter		31,083		(1,712,987)		(1,681,904)
Total	\$	1,724,803	\$	(4,662,256)	\$	(2,937,453)

12. Liabilities Due to The OPEB Plan

As of June 30, 2024, there are no liabilities owed to the OPEB Plan.

O. Risk Management

The District is exposed to risk of losses due to:

- Torts,
- Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets,
- Business interruption,
- Errors or omissions,
- Job related illness or injuries to employees,
- Natural disasters,
- Other risks associated with public entity risk pools

Risk management is the process of managing the District's activities to minimize the adverse effects of these risks. The main element of risk management are risk control (to minimize the losses that strike an organization) and risk financing (to obtain finances to provide for or restore the economic damages of those losses). Risk financing techniques include risk retention, risk transfer to and from an insurer, and risk transfer to a non-insurer.

The District has implemented the risk financing technique of risk transfer to an insurer. The District has purchased property & liability insurance as well as workers compensation insurance to cover any losses resulting from the risks identified above.

There have been no significant changes in property and liability or workers compensation coverage during the current fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

P. Participation in Joint Powers Authorities

The District is a member of two joint powers agreements (JPA) entities, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM) and the San Diego County Schools Fringe Benefits Consortium (SDCSFBC), for the operation of a common risk management and insurance programs for property and liability coverage, workers compensation, and other employee benefits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

Q. Commitments and Contingencies

1. State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

2. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is periodically involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2024.

3. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2024, the District the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

			Expected Date
			of Final
Construction in Process:	C	ommitment	Completion*
SYMS Modernization	\$	39,766,000	December 2026
Community Resource Center at Beyer Site		19,931,000	December 2026
Safety and Security at Willow ES		2,732,000	February 2025
SSES Turf		737,104	August 2024
OVHE Portables and Science Room Conversion		652,727	August 2024
Total	\$	63,818,831	

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

R. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, payments made subsequent to the pension plan measurement date and other items as outlined in the GASB pronouncement have been recorded as deferred outflows of resources.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 certain items related to OPEB as identified in the GASB statement are recorded as deferred outflows of resources.

Refunding Bonds and COPs that resulted in a loss on refunding have recorded the loss as a deferred outflow of resources to be amortized over the life of the debt in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65.

Prepaid insurance on debt instruments has been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources to be amortized over the life of the debt in accordance with GASB Statement No 65.

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Refunding Losses				
2012 Refunding Bonds	\$ 873,237	\$ -	\$ 124,747	\$ 748,490
2015 Refunding Bonds	9,426,405	-	1,812,770	7,613,635
2021 Measure T Refunding	575,738	-	25,030	550,708
2024 Refunding Bond	-	2,215,136	110,757	2,104,379
2015 Refunding COPs	691,849	-	57,653	634,196
2016 Refunding COPs	461,221	-	30,747	430,474
2021 Refunding COPs	1,328,359	-	57,761	1,270,598
Prepaid Debt Insurance	2,060,127	244,476	215,182	2,089,421
OPEB related	1,784,766	708,481	768,444	1,724,803
Pension related				
CalSTRS	7,401,715	14,922,418	6,879,186	15,444,947
CalPERS	7,783,051	4,948,227	4,195,983	8,535,295
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 32,386,468	\$ 23,038,738	\$ 14,278,260	\$ 41,146,946

Future amortization of deferred outflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Refunding	Prepaid Debt	Pension	OPEB	
June 30,	Losses	Insurance	Related	Related	Total
2025	\$ 769,249	\$ 74,012	\$11,672,877	\$ 931,325	\$13,447,463
2026	769,249	74,600	1,128,363	222,844	2,195,056
2027	769,249	43,577	6,879,212	222,844	7,914,882
2028	769,249	47,522	1,630,293	222,848	2,669,912
2029	769,249	51,402	1,365,696	93,859	2,280,206
Thereafter	9,506,235	1,798,308	1,303,801	31,083	12,639,427
Total	\$13,352,480	\$ 2,089,421	\$23,980,242	\$ 1,724,803	\$41,146,946

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

S. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, items as outlined in the GASB pronouncement have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, the District has recorded deferred inflows of resources for OPEB related items as prescribed by the statement.

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
OPEB related Pension related	\$ 3,627,288	\$ 1,634,699	\$ 599,731	\$ 4,662,256
CalSTRS	5,565,925	1,156,793	2,555,742	4,166,976
CalPERS	1,816,428	600,220	668,522	1,748,126
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 11,009,641	\$ 3,391,712	\$ 3,823,995	\$ 10,577,358

Future amortization of deferred inflows is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Pension Related	OPEB Related	Total
2025	\$ 2,399,629	\$ 599,731	\$ 2,999,360
2026	2,338,931	599,727	2,938,658
2027	705,532	583,269	1,288,801
2028	353,661	583,269	936,930
2029	117,349	583,273	700,622
Thereafter		1,712,987	1,712,987
Total	\$ 5,915,102	\$ 4,662,256	\$10,577,358

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

T. Upcoming Accounting Guidance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issues pronouncements and additional guidance for governmental agencies to establish consistent accounting across all governments in the United States. The following table represents items that have been issued by GASB that will become effective in future periods:

Description	Date Issued	Fiscal Year Effective
GASB Statement No. 99 <i>Omnibus 2022</i> (Portions related to financial guarantees and derivative instruments)	Apr-22	2024-25
GASB Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62)	Jun-22	2024-25
GASB Statement No. 101 Compensated Absences	Jun-22	2024-25
GASB Statement No. 102 Certain Risk Disclosures	Dec-23	2024-25
GASB Statement No. 103 Financial Reporting Model Improvements	Apr-24	2025-26
GASB Statement No. 104 Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets	Sep-24	2025-26
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2023-1 <i>Implementation Guidance Update</i> 2023	Jun-23	2024-25

The effects of the upcoming guidance and pronouncements on the District's financial statements has not yet been determined.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Variance		Variance
			Original		Actual
			to Final Budget		to Final Budget
			Positive/		Positive/
	Original	Final	(Negative)	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues					
LCFF Sources					
State Apportionment	\$ 25,292,501	\$ 21,399,816	\$ (3,892,685)	\$ 20,849,889	\$ (549,927)
Education Protection Account	806,215	806,394	179	806,364	(30)
Property Taxes	31,567,822	35,423,519	3,855,697	35,670,344	246,825
Federal Revenue	3,022,262	7,337,714	4,315,452	6,370,672	(967,042)
Other State Revenue	10,870,115	11,574,660	704,545	15,971,038	4,396,378
Interest Income	100,000	767,276	667,276	928,671	161,395
Fair Market Value Adjustment	-	-	-	299,412	299,412
Other Local Revenue	3,034,219	3,402,760	368,541	2,283,269	(1,119,491)
Total Revenues	74,693,134	80,712,139	6,019,005	83,179,659	2,467,520
Expenditures					
Current Expenditures:					
Certificated Salaries	27,424,125	29,016,722	(1,592,597)	30,644,792	(1,628,070)
Classified Salaries	12,011,684	14,188,670	(2,176,986)	15,037,827	(849,157)
Employee Benefits	18,538,159	19,148,418	(610,259)	21,015,507	(1,867,089)
Books and Supplies	5,935,021	11,139,246	(5,204,225)	2,916,596	8,222,650
Services and Other Operating	10,447,955	25,725,729	(15,277,774)	15,968,365	9,757,364
Other Outgo	-	-	-	113,190	(113,190)
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	(230,844)	(201,946)	(28,898)	(179,728)	(22,218)
Capital Outlay	-	1,974,720	(1,974,720)	2,101,906	(127,186)
Debt Service:		, ,	(, , , ,	, ,	, , ,
Principal	271,000	271,000	_	190,299	80,701
Interest	-	_	_	36,301	(36,301)
Total Expenditures	74,397,100	101,262,559	(26,865,459)	87,845,055	13,417,504
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	296,034	(20,550,420)	(20,846,454)	(4,665,396)	15,885,024
Over Experientures	270,034	(20,330,420)	(20,040,434)	(4,003,370)	15,005,024
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Leases and Subscriptions			-	301,788	301,788
Transfers In		29,126	29,126	54,637	25,511
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		29,126	29,126	356,425	327,299
Net Change in Fund Balance	296,034	(20,521,294)	(20,817,328)	(4,308,971)	16,212,323
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	28,775,395	28,775,395	-	28,775,395	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 29,071,429	\$ 8,254,101	\$ (20,817,328)	\$ 24,466,424	\$ 16,212,323

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0491%	0.0402%	0.0393%	0.0391%	0.0456%	0.0446%	0.0432%	0.0415%	0.0415%	0.0423%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 37,394,909	\$ 27,967,304	\$ 17,882,969	\$ 37,856,551	\$ 41,156,819	\$ 40,962,948	\$ 39,966,263	\$ 33,537,341	\$ 27,965,531	\$ 24,714,443
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	17,910,715	17,056,658	13,259,436	26,910,878	21,804,471	22,991,514	23,686,041	20,756,543	15,969,232	12,924,473
Total	\$ 55,305,624	\$ 45,023,962	\$ 31,142,405	\$ 64,767,429	\$ 62,961,290	\$ 63,954,462	\$ 63,652,304	\$ 54,293,884	\$ 43,934,763	\$ 37,638,916
District's covered payroll*	\$ 29,520,785	\$ 25,693,889	\$ 23,089,158	\$ 24,048,380	\$ 24,493,796	\$ 23,669,577	\$ 22,849,650	\$ 20,601,258	\$ 19,195,832	\$ 18,740,145
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	126.67%	108.85%	77.45%	157.42%	168.03%	173.06%	174.91%	162.79%	145.69%	131.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.62%	81.20%	87.21%	71.82%	72.56%	70.99%	69.46%	70.04%	74.02%	76.52%

^{*}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on measurement date, as such covered payroll represented for each fiscal year is the covered payroll from the prior year as identified on the schedule of contributions.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalSTRS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year										
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,567,496	\$ 5,638,470	\$ 4,436,097	\$ 3,728,899	\$ 4,112,273	\$ 3,987,590	\$ 3,415,520	\$ 2,874,486	\$ 2,210,515	\$ 1,704,590		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(5,567,496)	(5,638,470)	(4,436,097)	(3,728,899)	(4,112,273)	(3,987,590)	(3,415,520)	(2,874,486)	(2,210,515)	(1,704,590)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
District's covered payroll*	\$ 29,149,194	\$ 29,520,785	\$ 26,218,067	\$ 23,089,158	\$ 24,048,380	\$ 24,493,796	\$ 23,669,577	\$ 22,849,650	\$ 20,601,258	\$ 19,195,832		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%		

^{*}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on the fiscal year.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalPERS Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0681%	0.7120%	0.0758%	0.0744%	0.0777%	0.0791%	0.0737%	0.0673%	0.0598%	0.0623%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 24,666,645	\$ 24,498,580	\$ 15,407,806	\$ 22,822,992	\$ 22,644,792	\$ 21,090,817	\$ 17,598,194	\$ 13,292,253	\$ 8,815,645	\$ 7,067,431
District's covered payroll*	\$ 11,796,200	\$ 11,054,540	\$ 10,879,821	\$ 10,810,451	\$ 10,873,807	\$ 10,546,906	\$ 9,468,052	\$ 8,150,089	\$ 6,650,956	\$ 6,545,787
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	209.11%	221.62%	141.62%	211.12%	208.25%	199.97%	185.87%	163.09%	132.55%	107.97%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.96%	69.76%	80.97%	70.00%	70.05%	70.85%	71.87%	73.90%	79.43%	83.38%

^{*}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on measurement date, as such covered payroll represented for each fiscal year is the covered payroll from the prior year as identified on the schedule of contributions.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalPERS Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,757,459	\$ 2,992,696	\$ 2,533,413	\$ 2,252,123	\$ 2,131,929	\$ 1,964,027	\$ 1,638,040	\$ 1,314,923	\$ 965,541	\$ 782,884
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(3,757,459)	(2,992,696)	(2,533,413)	(2,252,123)	(2,131,929)	(1,964,027)	(1,638,040)	(1,314,923)	(965,541)	(782,884)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll*	\$ 14,083,430	\$ 11,796,200	\$ 11,058,110	\$ 10,879,821	\$ 10,810,451	\$ 10,873,807	\$ 10,546,906	\$ 9,468,052	\$ 8,150,089	\$ 6,650,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	26.680%	25.370%	22.910%	20.700%	19.721%	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%

^{*}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on the fiscal year.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – SYSD Retiree Health Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

					Fisca	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$ 779,743	\$ 1,098,870	\$ 883,281	\$ 801,272	\$ 691,833	\$ 684,496	\$ 661,989	N/A	N/A	N/A
Interest	701,010	426,027	499,623	554,220	544,221	507,697	482,353	N/A	N/A	N/A
Experience differences	(15,360)	(653,904)	(563,549)	(431,806)	570,501	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Changes of assumptions	(1,619,339)	(2,500,757)	155,411	704,854	590,377	(131,692)	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	-	45,849	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benefit payments	(372,690)	(449,870)	(588,470)	(455,913)	(470,127)	(431,726)	(411,168)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net change in total OPEB										
liability	(526,636)	(2,033,785)	386,296	1,172,627	1,926,805	628,775	733,174	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability - beginning	16,544,352	18,578,137	18,191,841	17,019,214	15,092,409	14,463,634	13,730,460	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 16,017,716	\$ 16,544,352	\$ 18,578,137	\$ 18,191,841	\$ 17,019,214	\$ 15,092,409	\$ 14,463,634	N/A	N/A	N/A
										-
Covered payroll	40,292,554	37,797,450	33,919,198	33,919,198	\$ 32,931,260	\$ 30,005,000	\$ 30,005,000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability as a										
percentage of covered payroll	39.75%	43.77%	54.77%	53.63%	51.68%	50.30%	48.20%	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

A. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

As of June 30, 2024, the District's expenditures which exceeded appropriations in the following categories:

Appropriations Category	Excess Expenditures	Reason for Excess Expenditures
Certificated Salaries	\$ 1,628,070	The District underestimated the cost of certificated salaries during budgeting.
Classified Salaries	849,157	The District underestimated the cost of classified salaries during budgeting.
Employee Benefits	1,867,089	The District underestimated the cost of employee benefits during budgeting.
Other Outgo	113,190	The District underestimated other outgo costs during budgeting.
Indirect Costs	22,218	The District underestimated indirect cost transfers during budgeting.
Capital Outlay	127,186	The District underestimated the cost of capital projects during budgeting.
Debt Service - Interest	36,301	The District did not budget for leases recorded with GASB 87 or subscriptions recorded under GASB 96 as debt principal and interest.

Amounts in excess of appropriations were not considered a violation of any laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements and did not have a direct or material effect on the financial statements.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

B. Schedule of District's Proportionate Share – CalSTRS

- 1. Benefit Changes: Changes in benefits reflect changes enacted by law for benefits offered and eligibility criteria.
- 2. Changes in Assumptions: Assumptions used in determining the total pension liability of the CalSTRS Plan changed due to actuarial experience studies performed by CalSTRS.

C. Schedule of District's Contributions – CalSTRS

The total pension liability for California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) for measurement date June 30, 2023, was determined with a valuation completed June 30, 2022 (released in May 2023). In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16	06/30/17	06/30/18
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16	06/30/17
Experience Study	2006 - 2010	2006 - 2010	2006 - 2010	2006 - 2015	2006 - 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal				
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.60%	7.60%	7.60%	7.10%	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	2.75%	2.75%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.50%	3.50%
Post-Retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple				
Reporting Period	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024
Measurement Date	06/30/19	06/30/20	06/30/21	06/30/22	06/30/23
Valuation Date	06/30/18	06/30/19	06/30/20	06/30/21	06/30/22
Experience Study	2006 - 2015	2015 - 2018	2015 - 2018	2015 - 2018	2015 - 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal				
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.60%	7.60%	7.60%	7.10%	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	2.75%	2.75%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.50%	3.50%
Post-Retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple				

(1) – Net of investment expenses but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among CalSTRS members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Additional information can be obtained by reviewing the CalSTRS Actuarial Experience Study on the CalSTRS website.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

D. Schedule of District's Proportionate Share – CalPERS

- 1. Benefit Changes: Changes in benefits reflect changes enacted by law for benefits offered and eligibility criteria.
- 2. Changes in Assumptions: Assumptions used in determining the total pension liability of the CalPERS Plan changed due to actuarial experience studies performed by CalPERS.

E. Schedule of District's Contributions – CalPERS

The total pension liability for California Public Employees Retirement System – School Pool (CalPERS) for measurement date June 30, 2023, was determined with a valuation completed June 30, 2022. In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16	06/30/17	06/30/18
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16	06/30/17
Experience Study	1997 - 2011	1997 - 2011	1997 - 2011	1997 - 2011	1997 - 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal				
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.50%	7.65%	7.65%	7.15%	7.15%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.50%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Post-Retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple				
Reporting Period	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024
Measurement Date	06/30/19	06/30/20	06/30/21	06/30/22	06/30/23
Valuation Date	06/30/18	06/30/19	06/30/20	06/30/21	06/30/22
Experience Study	1997 - 2015	1997 - 2015	1997 - 2015	2000 - 2019	2000 - 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal				
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	6.90%	6.90%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Post-Retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple				

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the December 2021 experience study report (based on demographic data from 2000 to 2019) available on the CalPERS website.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

F. Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

- 1) Benefit Changes: There were no benefit changes during the 2023-24 fiscal year.
- 2) Changes in Assumptions: Changes in assumptions reflect changes due to experience studies and updates to discount rates annually.
- 3) The following are the discount rates used for each period:

Year	Discount Rate
2018	3.50%
2019	3.15%
2020	2.20%
2021	2.66%
2022	2.19%
2023	4.09%
2024	4.13%

Additional information can be obtained by requesting a copy of the OPEB valuation from the District.

G. Schedule of District's Contributions to OPEB Plan

The District is funding OPEB contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis plus an amount determined by the board based on budgetary considerations through the OPEB Trust administered by CalPERS.



Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Sp	ecial	Revenue Fur	nds		C	apital l	Projects Fun	ds		
	ssociated dent Body Fund	De	Child evelopment Fund		Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund		nty School acilities Fund		Special Reserve For pital Outlay	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets											
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$ 37,722	\$	2,198,182 195,543	\$	2,064,057 1,285,035	\$ 9,097,097	\$	162,912	\$	6,427,812	\$ 19,987,782 1,480,578
Stores Inventories	_		-		30,562	_		_		_	30,562
Total Assets	\$ 37,722	\$	2,393,725	\$	3,379,654	\$ 9,097,097	\$	162,912	\$	6,427,812	\$ 21,498,922
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	_		58,787		71,797	8,569		-		-	139,153
Due to Other Funds	-		93,469		107,400	54,637		-		-	255,506
Unearned Revenue			1,364,560		38,822	_					1,403,382
Total Liabilities	 		1,516,816		218,019	63,206				-	1,798,041
Fund Balance:											
Nonspendable	-		-		30,562	-		-		-	30,562
Restricted	 37,722		876,909		3,131,073	9,033,891		162,912		6,427,812	19,670,319
Total Fund Balance	 37,722		876,909		3,161,635	9,033,891		162,912		6,427,812	19,700,881
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 37,722	\$	2,393,725	\$	3,379,654	\$ 9,097,097	\$	162,912	\$	6,427,812	\$ 21,498,922

San Ysidro School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	S	pecial Revenue Fur	nds	C	Capital Projects Fun	ds		
	Associated Student Body Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve For Capital Outlay	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues		4 217 722	4. 225 0.025	*	Φ.	•	A 2 (5 C 2 5 C	
Federal Revenue	\$ -	\$ 317,523	\$ 3,358,835	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,676,358	
Other State Revenue	-	1,936,133	1,568,424	-	-	-	3,504,557	
Interest Income	-	43,863	78,365	258,671	47,478	176,968	605,345	
FMV Adjustment	-	(3,725)	25,767	65,167	723	74,796	162,728	
Other Local Revenue	124,421	27,399	499	1,562,587	-	-	1,714,906	
Total Revenues	\$ 124,421	\$ 2,321,193	\$ 5,031,890	\$ 1,886,425	\$ 48,201	\$ 251,764	\$ 9,663,894	
Expenditures								
Current Expenditures:								
Instruction	_	1,254,158	_	-	_	-	1,254,158	
Instruction - Related Services	-	281,919	-	-	-	-	281,919	
Pupil Services	-	111,866	3,857,504	-	-	-	3,969,370	
Ancillary Services	118,084	-	-	-	-	-	118,084	
General Administration	-	83,063	96,665	15,464	-	-	195,192	
Plant Services	-	112,450	3,276	-	-	-	115,726	
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	5,478	-	-	5,478	
Total Expenditures	118,084	1,843,456	3,957,445	20,942	-		5,939,927	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,337	477,737	1,074,445	1,865,483	48,201	251,764	3,723,967	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers Out	-	-	-	(54,637)	-	_	(54,637)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_			(54,637)			(54,637)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,337	477,737	1,074,445	1,810,846	48,201	251,764	3,669,330	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	31,385	399,172	2,087,190	7,223,045	114,711	6,176,048	16,031,551	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 37,722	\$ 876,909	\$ 3,161,635	\$ 9,033,891	\$ 162,912	\$ 6,427,812	\$ 19,700,881	



Schedule of Average Daily Attendance For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Second Per	Second Period Report		Report
	Original	Original		_
	634461B3	Revised	E3FF7683	Revised
TK/K-3		_		
Regular ADA	1,674.86	N/A	1,677.25	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	0.70	N/A	-	N/A
Special Education - NPS	0.87	N/A	0.91	N/A
Total TK/K-3	1,676.43		1,678.16	
Grades 4-6				
Regular ADA	1,342.13	N/A	1,340.95	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	0.29	N/A	-	N/A
Special Education - NPS	0.96	N/A	0.92	N/A
Total Grades 4-6	1,343.38		1,341.87	
Grades 7-8				
Regular ADA	855.16	N/A	855.26	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	0.23	N/A	-	N/A
Special Education - NPS	0.97	N/A	0.97	N/A
Total Grades 7-8	856.36		856.23	
Total ADA	3,876.17		3,876.26	

N/A – There were no attendance findings which caused a revision in average daily attendance.

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students by grade span and adjustments to the attendance as a result of an audit finding when applicable.

Schedule of Instructional Time For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

					Number of			
	Annual	Actual			Actual Days		Total	
	Minutes	Minutes	J-13A		Offered	J-13A	Instructional	
Grade Level	Requirement	Offered	Minutes	Total Minutes	(Traditional)	Days	Days	Status
Transitional Kindergarten	36,000	39,250	0	39,250	180	0	180	Complied
Kindergarten	36,000	50,950	0	50,950	180	0	180	Complied
1st Grade	50,400	54,900	0	54,900	180	0	180	Complied
2nd Grade	50,400	54,900	0	54,900	180	0	180	Complied
3rd Grade	50,400	54,900	0	54,900	180	0	180	Complied
4th Grade	54,000	54,900	0	54,900	180	0	180	Complied
5th Grade	54,000	54,900	0	54,900	180	0	180	Complied
6th Grade	54,000	54,900	0	54,900	180	0	180	Complied
7th Grade	54,000	55,420	0	55,420	180	0	180	Complied
8th Grade	54,000	55,420	0	55,420	180	0	180	Complied

Schedule of Instructional Time, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

This schedule provides the information necessary to determine if the District has complied with Article 8 (commencing with Section 46200) of Chapter 2 of Part 26 of the Education Code. The requirements are as follows:

1) EC §46207: As a condition of apportionment the following annual instructional minutes must be offered:

•	To pupils in Kindergarten	36,000 minutes
•	To pupils in grades 1 to 3	50,400 minutes
•	To pupils in grades 4 to 8	54,000 minutes
•	To pupils in grades 9 to 12	64,800 minutes

2) EC §46208: As a condition of apportionment 180 school days must be offered for traditional calendars. In order to qualify as a school day the following minimum daily minutes must be met:

•	EC §46112:Grades 1 to 3	230 minutes
•	EC §46113: Grades 4 to 8	240 minutes
•	EC §46114: Kindergarten	180 minutes
•	EC §46141: Grades 9 to 12	240 minutes

The District did not request a J-13A waiver during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

Schedule of Financial Trends & Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

General Fund	Budget 2025 (See Note 1)	2024	2023 (See Note 1)	2022 (See Note 1)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 78,662,754	\$ 83,536,084	\$ 94,528,407	\$ 73,002,790
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	78,612,211	87,845,055	82,992,130	68,609,062
Net Change in Fund Balance	50,543	(4,308,971)	11,536,277	4,393,728
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 24,516,967	\$ 24,466,424	\$ 28,775,395	\$ 17,239,118
Available Reserves (See Note 2)	\$ 2,358,367	\$ 2,882,901	\$ 2,496,890	\$ 2,063,544
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	3.00%	3.28%	3.01%	3.01%
Long Term Debt (See Note 3)	\$274,781,764	\$279,452,226	\$250,089,360	\$252,989,234
Average Daily Attendance at P2	3,799	3,876	3,869	3,629

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The general fund balance has increased by \$7,227,306 (41.92%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2024-25 budget projects an increase of \$50,543 (0.21%). For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of 3% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses (total outgo).

Total long-term debt has increased by \$26,462,992 (10.46%) over the past two years.

Average daily attendance (ADA) has increased by 247 over the past two years.

Schedule of Financial Trends & Analysis, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Notes:

- 1. AU-C §725.05 requires the following conditions be met to provide an opinion on whether supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole:
 - a) The supplementary information was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.
 - b) The supplementary information relates to the same period as the financial statements.
 - c) The auditor issued an audit report on the financial statements that contained neither an adverse opinion nor a disclaimer of opinion.
 - d) The supplementary information will accompany the audited financial statements or such audited financial statements will be made readily available by the District.

Three of the above columns are not related to the same period as the financial statements and as such we do not provide an opinion on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. Additionally, the analysis presented utilizes information from periods outside the period of the financial statements and as such we do not provide an opinion on whether the analysis is fairly stated, in all material respects, to the financial statements as a whole. The information has been presented for analysis only and has not been audited.

- 2. Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances contained within the general fund.
- 3. Long term debt consists of general obligation bonds, certificates of participation, LCFF repayment, leases payable, and subscription liabilities.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements June 30, 2024

				Blended Component Units		nt Units	
	eneral Fund (Fund 01)	Feteria Fund Fund 13)	uilding Fund (Fund 21)		Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund
June 30, 2024, annual financial and budget							
report fund balances	\$ 24,255,211	\$ 3,161,634	\$ 46,104,562	\$	6,004,304	\$	
Adjustments and reclassifications:							
Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:							
Understatement of cash from bond issuance	-	-	15,563		-		-
Overstatement of accounts payable	1,211,211	-	-		-		-
Overstatement of accounts recievable	(1,000,000)	-	-		-		-
Rounding	 2	 11	 _		1		
Net adjustments and reclassifications	211,213	1	15,563		1		-
June 30, 2024, audited financial statement							
fund balances	\$ 24,466,424	\$ 3,161,635	\$ 46,120,125	\$	6,004,305	\$	

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the SACS Annual Financial and Budget Report with the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

Schedule of Charter Schools For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

As of June 30, 2024, the District has not sponsored any charter schools.

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Subrecipient Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through California Department of Education				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	13525	\$ -	\$ 416,432
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13396	-	2,125,619
National School Lunch Program - Noncash Commodities	10.555	13396	-	48,279
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655	-	244,303
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				2,834,633
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER: U.S. Department of Education Passed through California Department of Education				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	_	1,079,331
IDEA Mental Health	84.027	15197	_	29,291
IDEA Preschool Grants (Ages 3-5)	84.173	13430	_	62,357
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	01.175	13 130		1,170,979
HEADSTART CLUSTER U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through California Department of Education Head Start Program Total Headstart Cluster	93.600	10016	<u>-</u>	317,524 317,524
OTHER PROGRAMS: <u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through California Department of Education				
Child Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13666	-	524,202
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through California Department of Education				
ESSA Title I Basic	84.010	14329	-	1,784,996
ESSA Title I School Improvement	84.010	15438		14,713
Subtotal ESSA Title I Program				1,799,709
Title III English Learner Program	84.365	14346	-	313,367
Subtotal Title III Program				313,367
Č				

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Subrecipient Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures
COVID-19: ESSER III	84.425D	15559	_	991,592
COVID-19: GEER II	84.425	15919	-	11,742
COVID-19: ESSER III State Reserve Learning Loss	84.425	15621	-	306,387
COVID-19: ESSER III Summer Learning	84.425	15652	-	59,113
COVID-19: ARP Homeless Children & Youth	84.425	15566		43,033
Subtotal COVID-19 Program				1,411,867
Education for Homeless Children & Youth	84.196	14332	-	80,343
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341	-	291,514
Title IV Student Support Academic Enrichment	84.424	15396		124,674
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ -	\$ 8,868,812

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of 2 CFR §200.502 Basis for Determining Federal Awards Expended and 2CFR §200.510(b) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The expenditures reported on the schedule are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Indirect Cost Rate

Indirect costs were calculated in accordance with 2 CFR §200.412 *Direct and Indirect Costs*. The District used an indirect cost rate of 6.31% based on the rate approved by the California Department of Education for each program which did not have a pre-defined allowable indirect cost rate. The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414 *Indirect Costs*. The following programs utilized a lower indirect cost rate based on program restrictions or other factors determined by the District:

		Indirect
Program	AL #	Cost Rate
ESSER	84.425	5.00%
Title II	84.367	5.57%
Title III - LEP	84.365	5.62%

Schoolwide Program

The District operates "schoolwide programs" at all school sites. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limiting services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the District in it's schoolwide programs:

		Amount
Program	AL#	Expended
Title I	84.010	\$ 1,784,996
ESSA School Improvement Funding for LEAs	84.010	14,713

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Reconciliation of Revenues

The District is permitted to bill for Medi-Cal administrative activities and services provided as a Provider Type 55 (LEA Provider) which under the provisions of 2CFR §200.330 distinguishes the District as a contractor rather than a subrecipient of the federal funds. As such, the program has not been included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

The following schedule provides a reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Total Federal Revenues on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance \$8,967,100

Less: Amounts representing Medi-Cal (98,288)

Total Federal Expenditures on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$\\$8,868,812\$



Local Education Agency Organization Structure June 30, 2024

The San Ysidro School District was established in 1887. The District boundaries include the City of San Ysidro and portions of the unincorporated area of San Diego County. There were no changes to the District's boundaries during the current fiscal year. The District operates one preschool, five elementary schools, and two middle schools.

GOVERNING BOARD

Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration
Irene Lopez	President	Four Year Term Expires December 2026
Zenaida Rosario	Vice President	Four Year Term Expires December 2026
Antonio Martinez	Clerk	Four Year Term Expires December 2026
Rodolfo Lopez	Member	Four Year Term Expires December 2026
Rosaleah Pallasigue	Member	Four Year Term Expires December 2024

ADMINISTRATION

Gina A. Potter, Ed.D Superintendent

Manuel Bojorquez
Assistant Superintendent
Educational Leadership and Pupil Services

Jose Iniguez
Assistant Superintendent
Administrative Leadership and School Support and Safety

Marilyn Adrianzen Chief Business Official

Efrain Burciaga Executive Director Human Resources







Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Education San Ysidro School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Ysidro School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Entity's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identify a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-002.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

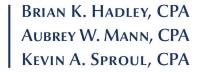
San Ysidro School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California
February 25, 2025





Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Education San Ysidro School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the San Ysidro School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California

February 25, 2025



BRIAN K. HADLEY, CPA AUBREY W. MANN, CPA KEVIN A. SPROUL, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance and on Internal Control over State Compliance

To the Board of Education San Ysidro School District

Report on Compliance for Applicable State Programs

Opinion on Each Applicable State Program

We have audited the San Ysidro School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 identified below for the year ended June 30, 2024.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above on each of its applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Applicable State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 (the Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Audit Guide are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each applicable state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Audit Guide will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.

The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each applicable state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over state compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following programs:

PerformedLocal Education Agencies Other than Charter SchoolsA. Attendance.YesB. Teacher Certification and Misassignments.YesC. Kindergarten Continuance.YesD. Independent Study.NoE. Continuation Education.N/AF. Instructional Time.YesG. Instructional Materials.YesH. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers.YesJ. Early Retirement Incentive.N/AK. Gann Limit Calculation.YesL. School Accountability Report Card.YesM. Juvenile Court Schools.N/AN. Middle or Early College High Schools.N/AO. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.YesP. (Reserved).N/AQ. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction.N/AR. Comprehensive School Safety Plan.YesS. District of Choice.N/A			Procedures
A. Attendance Yes B. Teacher Certification and Misassignments Yes C. Kindergarten Continuance. Yes D. Independent Study. No E. Continuation Education. N/A F. Instructional Time. Yes G. Instructional Materials. Yes H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. Yes I. Classroom Teacher Salaries. Yes J. Early Retirement Incentive. N/A K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. Yes M. Juvenile Court Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. Yes P. (Reserved). N/A Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A			Performed
B. Teacher Certification and Misassignments. C. Kindergarten Continuance. D. Independent Study. E. Continuation Education. F. Instructional Time. G. Instructional Materials. H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. J. Early Retirement Incentive. J. Early Retirement Incentive. M. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. M. Juvenile Court Schools. M. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. P. (Reserved). Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. N/A Yes N/A	Loca	d Education Agencies Other than Charter Schools	
C. Kindergarten Continuance. Yes D. Independent Study. No E. Continuation Education. N/A F. Instructional Time. Yes G. Instructional Materials. Yes H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. Yes I. Classroom Teacher Salaries. Yes J. Early Retirement Incentive. N/A K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. Yes M. Juvenile Court Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. Yes P. (Reserved). N/A Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A	A.	Attendance	Yes
D. Independent Study. E. Continuation Education. N/A F. Instructional Time. G. Instructional Materials. H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. J. Early Retirement Incentive. J. Early Retirement Incentive. J. School Accountability Report Card. Juvenile Court Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. P. (Reserved). Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Syes N/A Yes N/A	B.	Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
E. Continuation Education. N/A F. Instructional Time. Yes G. Instructional Materials. Yes H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. Yes I. Classroom Teacher Salaries. Yes J. Early Retirement Incentive. N/A K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. Yes M. Juvenile Court Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. Yes P. (Reserved). N/A Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A	C.	Kindergarten Continuance.	Yes
F. Instructional Time	D.	Independent Study	No
G. Instructional Materials. H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. I. Classroom Teacher Salaries. J. Early Retirement Incentive. M/A K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. M. Juvenile Court Schools. M. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. Yes P. (Reserved). Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A	E.	Continuation Education.	N/A
H.Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers.YesI.Classroom Teacher Salaries.YesJ.Early Retirement Incentive.N/AK.Gann Limit Calculation.YesL.School Accountability Report Card.YesM.Juvenile Court Schools.N/AN.Middle or Early College High Schools.N/AO.K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.YesP.(Reserved).N/AQ.Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction.N/AR.Comprehensive School Safety Plan.YesS.District of Choice.N/A	F.	Instructional Time	Yes
I.Classroom Teacher SalariesYesJ.Early Retirement IncentiveN/AK.Gann Limit CalculationYesL.School Accountability Report CardYesM.Juvenile Court SchoolsN/AN.Middle or Early College High SchoolsN/AO.K-3 Grade Span AdjustmentYesP.(Reserved)N/AQ.Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental InstructionN/AR.Comprehensive School Safety PlanYesS.District of ChoiceN/A	G.	Instructional Materials.	Yes
J.Early Retirement IncentiveN/AK.Gann Limit CalculationYesL.School Accountability Report CardYesM.Juvenile Court SchoolsN/AN.Middle or Early College High SchoolsN/AO.K-3 Grade Span AdjustmentYesP.(Reserved)N/AQ.Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental InstructionN/AR.Comprehensive School Safety PlanYesS.District of ChoiceN/A	H.	Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. Yes M. Juvenile Court Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. Yes P. (Reserved). N/A Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A	I.	Classroom Teacher Salaries.	Yes
L.School Accountability Report Card.YesM.Juvenile Court Schools.N/AN.Middle or Early College High Schools.N/AO.K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.YesP.(Reserved).N/AQ.Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction.N/AR.Comprehensive School Safety Plan.YesS.District of Choice.N/A	J.	Early Retirement Incentive.	N/A
M. Juvenile Court Schools. N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. P. (Reserved). Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. S. District of Choice. N/A	K.	Gann Limit Calculation.	Yes
N. Middle or Early College High Schools N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment Yes P. (Reserved) N/A Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan Yes S. District of Choice N/A	L.	School Accountability Report Card.	Yes
O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. P. (Reserved)	M.	Juvenile Court Schools.	N/A
P. (Reserved) N/A Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A	N.	Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A	O.	K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.	Yes
R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. S. District of Choice. N/A	P.	(Reserved)	N/A
S. District of Choice. N/A	Q.	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
	R.	Comprehensive School Safety Plan.	Yes
	S.	District of Choice.	N/A
TT. Home to School Transportation Reimbursement N/A	TT.	Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	N/A

		Performed			
Scho	School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools				
T.	Proposition 28 Arts & Music in Schools	Yes			
U.	After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes			
V.	Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes			
W.	Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes			
X.	Local Control and Accountability Plan.	Yes			
Y.	Independent Study - Course Based	N/A			
Z.	Immunizations	No			
AZ.	Educator Effectiveness.	Yes			
BZ.	Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes			
CZ.	Career Technical Education Incentive Grant.	N/A			
DZ.	Expanded Learning Opportunities Program (ELO-P)	Yes			
EZ.	Transitional Kindergarten	Yes			

Procedures

N/A – The School District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We did not perform procedures for Independent Study because the District's ADA was below the materiality level as stated in the Audit Guide for testing.

We did not perform procedures for Immunizations because the school sites for the District did not appear on the California Department of Public Health list of LEAs that are subject to the audit of immunizations.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over State Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California

February 25, 2025



Schedule of Auditor's Results For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report i	Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal control over fina	ncial reporting:			
	l weakness(es) identified?	X	Yes	No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are			
not considered mate		X	_Yes	No
Noncompliance material	to financial statements noted?		_Yes	XNo
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Internal control over maj	or programs:			
One or more materia	l weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X No
One or more signification	ant deficiencies identified that are			
not considered material weakness(es)?			_Yes	No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:			Unm	odified
Compliance supplement utilized for single audit		May 2024		
Any audit findings disclo	sed that are required to be			
	with 2 CFR §200.516(a)?		Yes	X No
1 op 2110 o 21 oc 21 oo 21	2 0111 32 0010 10()			
Identification of major pr	rograms:			
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
10.553 & 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster			
84.027 & 84.173	Special Education Cluster			
93.600	Head Start Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to	distinguish between Type A			
and Type B programs			\$750),000
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?		_Yes	XNo

Schedule of Auditor's Results, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

STATE AWARDS

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmod	Unmodified		
Internal control over applicable state programs:				
One or more material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X	No	
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are				
not considered material weakness(es)?	Yes	X	No	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported				
in accordance with 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits				
of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	Yes	X	No	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Findings represent significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and/or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), or the 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Finding codes as identified in the 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting are as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type	
10000	Attendance	
20000	Inventory of Equipment	
30000	Internal Control	
40000	State Compliance	
42000	Charter School Facilities	
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	
50000	Federal Compliance	
60000	Miscellaneous	
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries	
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan	
70000	Instructional Materials	
71000	Teacher Misassignments	
72000	School Accountability Report Card	

A. Financial Statement Findings

Finding Number: 2024-001 Repeat Finding: Yes

Description: End of Year Close
Type of Finding: Internal Control (30000)

Criteria or Specific Requirement

Determine whether the District has accounting processes and internal controls that would allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis, whether due to error or fraud.

Condition

During our audit we identified the following conditions which indicate that management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, would not be able to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis:

- The District did not make the necessary entries to record their \$19 million refunding bond issued April 11, 2024. Part of the entries for the refunding bond also needed to include the refunded portion of the debt in the Districts payments.
- The District was contacted by SDCOE to correct classifications of expenditures on it's books for workers compensation amounts and for supplemental retirement expenditures. These entries totaled just over \$2 million.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

 The District was contacted by SDCOE about a misstatement in the South County SELPA statement and accrual amounts that were setup for the District. The accrual amount was inadvertently increased by \$1 million. This change reduced revenue and accounts receivable for state resources of special education funds that were previously overstated.

Potential Fiscal Impact

None

Cause

Refunding bonds are used to repay existing debt and as such the funds regularly are not used by the District in the same manner as general obligation bonds. Due to this difference there was an oversight and the bond was not entered into the system.

During the routine review of the submitted SACS file by CDE and SDCOE there were questions about expenditure amounts by object. The end result of the conversation between the District and CDE was a recommendation that the amounts be more accurately classified away from object 5800 into their employee benefit accounts.

The South County SELPA was notified that there was a discrepancy in the accrual worksheet by a district and when they further investigated they found that the district in question and San Ysidro School District were both miscalculated on the accrual worksheet provided. They contacted the districts and provided adjusting journal entry suggestions for correcting the error.

Effect

The District is exposed to risk of material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud, that would not be detected by management or employees in the normal course of performing their duties.

Context

Internal control deficiencies were identified in multiple areas of the audit that in aggregate represent a significant deficiency to the District in the internal control processes.

Recommendation

We recommend the District take the following steps to remedy the material weaknesses in internal control:

- Establish reconciliation procedures for all balance sheet accounts on the financial statements.
- Post all audit adjusting journal entries and establish a closing process that ensures any entries made to clear SACS errors are appropriate..
- Establish review procedures over the accounting processes.

Views of Responsible Officials

See Corrective Action Plan

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Finding Number: 2024-002 Repeat Finding: No

Description: Payroll Controls

Type of Finding: Internal Control (30000)

Criteria or Specific Requirement

The District is required to process payroll for all employees on a regular timely basis. This requires the gathering of timecard information for hourly employees and pertinent program or extra hours information for salaried employees. The District has federal and state payroll compliance requirements it must meet in relation to program reporting for employees charged to those programs, which makes accurate payroll reporting an essential part of a District's accounting practices.

Condition

During our audit of payroll it was noted that there were discrepancies between actual hours worked as observed by District management and hours reported by employees. Procedures were performed to determine if actual discrepancies existed and it appears hours turned in by employees could be artificially inflated.

Potential Fiscal Impact

The full impact is unknown as it is unclear the full extent and impact of the total hours and employees involved.

Cause

It appears that some employees circumvented District policies regarding time card entry, overtime approval and District ethics guidelines while performing their duties.

Effect

The District has overpaid some employees in actual hours and related employee benefits.

Recommendation

The District should implement internal audit guidelines over payroll to spot check random departments and random employees throughout the year in order to ensure policies and procedures are being followed District-wide. The District should perform a payroll risk analysis to determine which areas to begin their internal audits in. This process should be continuous until the District feels the issue has been resolved and then should scale back to a normal monitoring process.

Views of Responsible Officials

See Corrective Action Plan

B. Federal Awards

None

C. State Award Findings

None



Marilyn Adrianzen

Chief Business Official

4350 Otay Mesa Road, San Ysidro, CA 92173 (619) 428-4476 Ext. 3004 Marilyn.Adrianzen@sysdschools.org

February 24, 2025

To Whom it May Concern:

The accompanying Corrective Action Plan has been prepared as required by the 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. The name of the contact person responsible for corrective action, the planned corrective action, and the anticipated completion date for each finding included in the current year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs have been provided.

In addition, we have also prepared the accompanying Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings which includes the status of audit findings reported in the prior year's audit.

Sincerely,

Marilyn Adrianzen, Chief Business Official

Business Support Services

Corrective Action Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Financial Statement Finding

Finding Number: 2024-001

Program Name: Year End Close

Contact Person: Marilyn Adrianzen, Chief Business Official

Amber Sances, Business Services Technician

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2025

Planned Corrective Action: The District will establish a reconciliation process for all balance sheet accounts on

the financial statements and ensure that this reconciliation is done in a timely manner prior to the year-end close process begins. The district will also post adjusting journal entries that are appropriate. Additionally, the district will establish and

review procedures over the accounting processes.

Finding Number: 2024-002
Program Name: Payroll Controls

Contact Person: Marilyn Adrianzen, Chief Business Official

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2025

Planned Corrective Action: The district will implement internal audit guidelines over payroll to spot check

random departments and random employees throughout the year to ensure policies and procedures are being followed district-wide. The district has begun a payroll risk analysis to determine which areas to perform their internal audit. Additionally. all staff must submit a prior authorization form signed by the administrator before working overtime or extra hours. This has limited the number of overtime and extra

hours each month.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Finding/Recommendation	Status	Explanation if Not Implemented
Finding 2023-001 Year End Close		
Condition During the review of accounts receivable and cash it was noted that amounts needed to be corrected for child nutrition and fair market value adjustments.		
Recommendation Make the entries to correct the numbers in the District's financials and cross train employees to ensure that even if someone is out for any reason the necessary accounting practices can still be maintained.	Partially Implemented	See current year finding